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Arizona
daily, September 24 to
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Chicago, \$40.50; propo-
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Tourist sleepers and chair
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rt. via the Santa Fe.
y conducted Tourist sleepers
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Write or call for details.
Manning, G. N. E.,
Washington St.,
Boston, Mass.

ISLATURE
SPECIAL SESSION.
ll Convene Body Friday,
29, For Adoption of
Revision.
ession of the Maine Legis-
lating at 10 A. M. Friday,
has been called by Gov-
r. The adoption of the sixth
e general and public laws
the disposition of moneys
account of lands reserved
and the alteration of
rtland Harbor will be con-
ation as issued from the
partment of the State
day afternoon, follows:
e commissioner appointed
r 237 of the Resolves of
lete the sixth revision of
d public laws of the State
d his work and is now
nit the final draft of such
e Legislature, and
the amendment to Article
Constitution of the State,
a people's veto through
referendum, makes it er-
tant that any general
statutes be submitted to
re for acceptance at least
e to its next regular ses-
sionment to permit the adop-
tion under the emergency

the provisions of Section
r 7 of the Revised Stat-
ut that the balance of the
on account of lands re-
served shall remain in
have become embarrassing,
a interests seem to require
ve action which will per-
e of the money now in the
the credit of this account,

no inhabitants of the city
desire to present petitions
harbor line of Portland
is a matter of vital im-
e shipping interests of the
e that demands the early
consideration of the Legis-

ation whereof, I, Oakley
governor of the State of
Constitution, convene the
this State, hereby requir-
a and Representatives to
their respective chambers
h, in Augusta, on Friday,
of September, 1916, at 12
e forenoon, in order to
communications as may
e to them, and to consult
e on such measures as in
at will best promote the
e State.

y whereof, I have hereto-
ad and caused the seal of
e affixed.
me at Augusta, this 15th
e of September, in the
r of our Lord, 1916, and
the Independence of the
ted States of America
1916.

OAKLEY C. CURTIS,
GOVERNOR.

JOHN E. BUNKER,
Secretary of State.

GRAY'S
Business College
of Portland and Typewriting
LAND, MAINE
Frank L. Gray

The Oxford County Citizen.

A. E. Herrick 6-10-15

VOLUME XXII—NUMBER 22.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1916.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

WORLD'S FAIR AT WATERFORD

Good Attendance and Good Time
Big Hall Exhibit—Not
Many Cattle

For the thirty-fifth consecutive year, "The World's Fair" was held on the North Waterford common, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29 and 30. Quite a good number attended the Fair, Friday, considering the condition of the weather, and the report of the daily papers, which said showers. But showers failed to appear until night. Saturday was a cold windy day, but everybody apparently attended the fair, and never before were so many automobiles present.

Along the Midway.
The Elit brothers began setting up their merry-go-round the first of the week and had that in readiness for the great occasion. Owing to the war or for some other reason their jungle show is a thing of the past and the only bears to be seen on the grounds were the Teddy bears which were numerous. Those in charge say the fairs were not so plenty as in years past, but no one missed them for there seemed to be a chance to buy anything wanted.

The Twitcheells of Oxford had a large supply of fruit, also several others. Ready made clothing of all kinds could be purchased, "hot dogs" which make up a part of every fair were sold, ice cream for those who wished. On one side of the midway Miss Nina told your fortune if you wished and had the price to pay, while on the other side, one of the other sex went a step farther and told you your name correctly or refunded your money. Fifteen cents would take you to see the dancing bride.

Several were selling jewelry. The balloons were on hand. The whip man and the good stick man each had a supply to sell.
During the afternoon of Friday the horse pulling occupied the attention of those who cared for that and Saturday afternoon came the ox pulling contests.

The local stores did a good business each day. The Atherton Furniture Co. had a display of Glenwood ranges and heaters at the store of C. E. Jackson.
The hotel, W. E. Rice, proprietor, did a thriving business. The Ladies' Sewing Circle furnished meals during the entire fair at the vestry. The Grange had hot oyster stoves in their large red tent at any time when wanted. They also served oyster stew at their hall at intermission Saturday evening. Mrs. Arthur Saunders served meals during the fair and no doubt there were other places nearby. And of course, all entertained friends who came to the fair.

Milliken's orchestra of Norway furnished music for dancing afternoons and evenings at I. O. O. F. hall, and there was a chance to see the moving pictures between times in the same hall.

Not Many Cattle Shown.
The number of animals on exhibition at the fair was small. Austin Hutchins was chairman of the cattle committee and prizes awarded as follows: Working oxen, W. H. Chubbourn, East Waterford, 1, 2 and 3. Best cow, Riley McKee, 1. Bulls, C. B. Leonard, 2. Bull calves, E. B. Hersey and son, 1. Buck, E. B. Hersey and son, 1. Heifers, Riley McKee, 1. Best year old steer, H. B. Starns, 1. Heifer calves, G. C. Abbott & Son, 1 and 2; E. B. Hersey and son, 3. Steer calves, E. B. Hersey and son, 1 and 3; R. G. Starns, 2. Bull calves, E. B. Hersey and son, 1. Buck, E. B. Hersey and son, 1.

There was only one poultry exhibit. Mrs. J. C. Grover showed three pens, one of geese, one of chickens and one of Seabrights, the latter consisting of both mature fowls and small chickens. There was no competition and she was given first prize on each.

In the Pulling Contest.
The ox and steer pulling contests were Saturday afternoon and as usual drew a big crowd. In the class measuring 7 ft. 6 in. the load was 7500 pounds. H. K. Morrill won 1 and 2. The load was drawn 260 and 280 feet. C. B. Leonard in 6 ft. class hauled 2300 pounds 400 feet. Charles Hersey with his steer teams hauled the lead 8 feet. In the steer teams Charles Hersey had two pairs, weight of load 1700 pounds, distance hauled 492 and 470 feet respectively.
The horse pulling came off Friday.

Continued on page 5.

BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

Pleasant luncheon visitors to the Inn were: Mrs. O. B. Brown and Mrs. W. R. Brown of Berlin, N. H.

Dr. and Mrs. Gehring returned from their summer vacation on Tuesday and were warmly welcomed by their friends.
Miss B. Landini of Paris and her young nephew, Master Sandy Gordon, of New York are at the Inn for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. Stephen G. Wheatland of Salem, Mass., accompanied by Mrs. Wm. S. Taylor of DeLand, Fla., spent a couple of days at the Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Drake of New Bedford, Mass., who intended to stop over night were so pleased with Bethel, and the Inn that they prolonged their stay for several days.

Miss Chapman and Mrs. G. P. Miller of Milwaukee are spending several days at the Inn, and incidentally taking short motor trips to interesting spots in the surrounding country.

The beautiful weather of the past week has caused such an increase in the tourist travel as to test the capacity of the Inn and Cottages, both being filled to capacity every night.

Miss A. F. Redwood of Brooklyn paid her first visit to Bethel this week, and was so impressed with Bethel, and the Inn, that she made known her intention of spending several weeks here next season.

Report comes to the Inn that one of the parties interpreted, while cruising in Casco Bay, discovered floating a buoy with "Bremen" stamped upon it, and if the authorities permit it will be brought to Bethel as a souvenir.

Mrs. Ogden L. Mills and family arrived on Monday and were comfortably domiciled in the "Elms", and will remain until Judge Herrick's house is ready for their occupancy, which they have engaged until March, 1917.

Two pleasant parties who stopped at the Inn overnight were: Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Colton, S. W. Colton, Jr., Miss Suzanne B. Colton, Mrs. H. W. Sellers of Bryn Mawr, Pa., and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Sheppard and the Misses Sheppard of Philadelphia.

Prominent members of the Bethel League, who made their headquarters at the Bethel Inn during their stay here, who have departed for their respective homes, are: Miss Maude Lawrence, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss G. K. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss M. L. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. G. C. Bolton, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. E. W. Whittemore, Cleveland, Ohio; Mr. A. L. Roper, Norfolk, Va.

MR. CHARLES A. LUCAS.

Mr. Charles A. Lucas, one of Bethel's leading merchants, passed to the other life last Saturday night after having been confined to his bed since the previous Sunday by a shock.

Mr. Lucas was born in Bethel, Oct. 14, 1857, the son of John and Arvilla G. Lucas, and has always lived in Bethel with the exception of a few years spent in the hotel business in So. Paris, Mo., and Wolboro, N. H. During his early life he was a brakeman on the railroad and for a short time was in the hotel business but the latter part of his life has been given to the grocery business, in which he took much pride in the neatness and quality of his stock.

Mr. Lucas was once married to Mrs. Elizabeth Greenlaw who died several years ago.

A true friend, a thoughtful and loving son and brother, he will be greatly missed by his mother and two sisters, Mrs. Charles L. Davis and Mrs. Elmer H. Young, who are his only survivors.

The funeral was held at the house of Mr. Elmer H. Young on Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 with Rev. J. H. Little officiating. The stores were closed during the services. The interment was in the family lot in Riverside Cemetery.

**STILLMAN N. LITTLEHALE,
EDWIN B. BARTT.**

Died October 4, 1916.

A more extended notice will be given next week.

GRANGE NEWS

BEAR RIVER GRANGE.

Bear River Grange met in their hall, Sept. 30, at 8:30 P. M. Worthy Master in chair filled vacant chairs as follows: Lecturer, Carrie French; Chaplain, Percy Brinck; Ceres, Mabel Bailey; Assistant Steward, Irvin French. One candidate was balloted on for membership. It was voted to have a public dedication of the hall in four weeks from this meeting, and also voted to have a Harvest Supper and dance in three weeks. The dance committee consisted of C. F. Saunders, E. W. Starns, P. O. Brinck. The supper committee consisted of Carrie French, Florence Kilgore and Addie Saunders. One candidate was instructed in the first and second degrees. Literary program: Song, Mr. and Mrs. Brinck. There were thirteen members present.

BETHEL GRANGE.

Bethel Grange held its regular meeting last Thursday evening, Sept. 28. The vacancies were filled as follows: Master, Levi Bartlett; Overseer, F. B. Merrill; Steward, Will Haggood; Assistant Steward, Gilbert Rich; Secretary, Mrs. Kendall; Ceres, Catherine Haggood; Pomona, Miss Garey; L. A. Steward, Harriet Merrill. As there was very little business before the meeting the literary program was called and the following was given:
Clipping, Mary Cummings
Clipping, Catherine Haggood
Item of Interest, Levi Bartlett
Clipping, F. B. Merrill
Clipping, Mae R. Bartlett
Reading, Gilbert Rich
Question: "How can the question of finance be best settled between husband and wife?" Opened by Levi Bartlett, followed by F. B. Merrill and Catherine Haggood.
Reading, Mae R. Bartlett
The next meeting will be Oct. 12. We are hoping to have a large number present, as there is to be work. There were two visitors present from Minot Grange. They reported a flourishing Grange at Minot of over two hundred members.

ALDOR GRANGE.

At the meeting of this Grange last Wednesday evening the Worthy Master filled vacant chairs as follows: Lecturer, Mrs. Etta Bean; Steward, R. L. Swan; Chaplain, Miss Ethel Cole; Ceres Keeper, H. E. Bartlett; L. A. S. Mrs. Rose Bartlett. A communication was read from the National Grange regarding the session to be held in Washington in November; also a card from Miss Bertha Cole extending thanks to the Grange for flowers and cards received by her while in the M. G. Hospital in Portland. Those contributing to the literary program were: H. E. Bartlett, Mrs. Rose Bartlett, L. E. Cole, R. L. Swan, Mrs. L. C. Bartlett, Guy Bartlett, Miss Ethel Cole, Mrs. Etta B. Bean. Members not prepared were furnished with clippings to read by the Lecturer. After the meeting Mrs. Lucetta Bean and Mrs. L. C. Bartlett served refreshments of sandwiches and coffee, a basket of P. O. F. cake and home made candies. A pie pumpkin with a jolly face, bonnet and dress ornamented the table, each member guessing the number of seeds it contained. The guesses ranged from 7 to 235. Edson Bartlett guessed the nearest and was awarded the first prize. Russell Swan received the consolation prize. The correct number of seeds was 345.

OXFORD COUNTY POMONA.

Oxford County Pomona met with Round Mountain Grange, Oct. 3. There was a business session in the forenoon. It was opened by a song of welcome by Round Mountain Grange. There was just one candidate to take the fifth degree. It was decided to omit the work until the next meeting. The roll was called and ten Granges responded personally with very good reports. The dinner was served promptly at 12, and all the "Patrons" partook of a bountiful repast. At 2 P. M., the Worthy Master, L. E. McIntire, called to order and the meeting was placed in the hands of the Worthy Lecturer, Harold Pike, and the following program was rendered:
Song of Welcome, Choir
Violin solo, Cecil Kimball
Reading, encores, Mae R. Bartlett
Song, encores, Mrs. Herbert Bean
Address, Mrs. Bertha Kennison
Piano solo, encores, Mrs. Hazel Wardwell
Original paper, composed by Allen Cummings, read by Alta Cummings
Song, Choir
Remarks, A. E. Morse
Remarks, Mr. Brown
Closing song, Choir

The next Pomona Grange will meet

GOULD'S ACADEMY

Several students attended Waterford Fair last Saturday.

Miss Marion Keniston spent the week end with Miss Nina Briggs at her home in Albany.

Miss Marian T. Pratt, who is visiting friends in town, has been a frequent visitor at Holden Hall.

Mrs. Emma Farrington Curtis of Wisconsin was a recent visitor at Holden Hall, the guest of Miss Nellie Whitman, a former schoolmate.

Last Wednesday evening special permission was granted the students to attend "The Battle Cry of Peace." Many availed themselves of this privilege.

"The Nations at War," an interesting book on current history by W. J. Abbott was recently presented to the Academy Library by Winfield S. Howe, ex-110.

The first regular meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held Thursday afternoon. Herbert Bean was leader, the topic being, "What Christianity has done for the World." Three new members were added to the Association.

The first regular meeting of the Y. W. C. A. was held at Holden Hall, Wednesday afternoon. Miss Ida Packard was leader and gave a very interesting account of camp life at Makonikoy. At this meeting several new members were presented for membership.

The faculty of Gould's Academy, together with all the teachers of Bethel and Greenwood were given a reception by the W. C. T. U., Thursday evening at the Methodist church. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served and a social evening was enjoyed.

with Harrison Grange the last Tuesday in this month, the 31st.

WEST PARIS GRANGE.

The program to be given at the regular meeting of West Paris Grange, Saturday, is as follows:

Singing, Grange
Question: "In what ways can we assist our grand service committee to secure greater benefits for the farmer?"

Recitation, Ellen Hammond
Reading from National Grange Monthly by Mrs. D. A. Ball

Musical by young ladies of the Grange. Other important matters are to be discussed.

MASONIC LODGE MAKE ANNUAL TRIP TO WILSON'S MILLS.

Bethel Lodge of Masons journeyed to Wilson's Mills, Tuesday, to hold their annual meeting with their brothers there.

The attendance this year was the largest ever, nearly one hundred and twenty-five being present. About fifty went from Bethel, a large number from Gorham and Berlin and twelve from Bryant's Pond.

Mr. Leach kindly opened his house for their entertainment and the wives and supper for which they are so famous and which induced some of the Bethel boys to make the trip.

Several went up Sunday and Monday so as to do a little hunting and if the deer and bear which left on the autos are any indication we should say that hunting was good.

CARD OF THANKS.

The members of Pleasant Valley Grange wish to thank each and all who in any way helped to make their Second Annual Agricultural Grange Fair such a successful one.
West Bethel, Sept. 29, 1916.

NORTH WATERFORD.

Mrs. William Fluke received the sad news Tuesday of the death of her youngest sister, who lives in New Jersey.

Annie Ward, who has been spending a two weeks' vacation with her parents, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Lizzie S. Morse has gone to Bethel to work for Tom Hastings. Belle Pennoek had quite a display of garden truck at the World's Fair, some of her own raising.

Harry Pennoek and wife were at home, Sunday, and took Hazel and Pearl back with them. They are both working in the toy shop at South Paris. They expect to stay there all winter.

WHY NOT BUY IT IN MAINE?

ANDOVER FAIR

More Admission Tickets Sold Than Last Year

Good weather and a crowd of people can make a fair it has been said; Andover did not lack either and the 32nd annual fair and cattle show may go down in history as one of its most successful fairs. More admission tickets were sold this year than last.

There were the usual number of fruit and soft drink booths but the side show attractions were missing. The Ladies' Circle of the Congregational church served dinners in the big dining hall, and in the hall under the grandstand was a tea room in charge of Mrs. F. A. Milton and Mrs. Emma Adams who were working to swell the furnace fund of the Congregational church.

The exhibit of cattle and poultry was not as good as last year but the swine and horses were better. The exhibition hall held the usual attractions. The premiums were awarded as follows:
Vegetables and Field Crops.
Pumpkins, John French, 1st; Ralph Penley, 2nd; Mrs. V. P. Blanchard, 3rd. Hubbard squash, Harry Elliot, 1st; Ralph Penley, 2nd; Claude Perkins, 3rd. Turban squash, Claude Perkins, 1st. Potatoes, George Curtis, 1st. Beans, Walter Bailey, 1st. Beets, Ralph Penley, 1st. Geo. Curtis, 2nd. Carrots, Jesse Elliot, 1st; Geo. Curtis, 2nd. Mangie Beets, Geo. Curtis, 2nd. Cabbage, George Curtis, 1st. Tomatoes, Harry Elliot, 1st; Geo. Curtis, 2nd. Golden Hubbard squash, Ralph Penley, 1st. Ruta Baga turnips, Ralph Penley, 1st; Geo. Curtis, 2nd. Cucumbers, Mrs. Arthur Stevens, 1st; Walter Bailey, 2nd; Lester Hannaford, 3rd. Pie pumpkin, John French, 1st; Harry Elliot, 1st; Ralph Penley, 1st. Cauliflower, Mrs. R. B. Stratton, 1st. Best Bellpepper, Jesse Elliot, 1st. Best Edmunds Early, Jesse Elliot, 1st. Onion, Walter Bailey, 1st. Corn, Ralph, 1st. W. Marston, 1st. 8-rowed corn, L. R. Hall, 1st; Arthur Stevens, 2nd; Frye Goddard, 3rd. Potatoes, Green Mountain, John Howe, 1st; L. R. Howe, 2nd. Potatoes, Cow Horn, Edward Clark, 1st. Vicks Early, John Howe, 1st; L. R. Hall, 2nd. Sweet corn, J. H. Martin, 1st; Harry Elliot, 2nd. Pop corn, J. H. Martin, 1st.

Swine.
Berkshire sow and pigs, Mrs. V. P. Blanchard, 1st. Chester sow and pigs, F. A. Milton, 1st. Boar, Berkshire, Mrs. V. P. Blanchard, 1st. Chester boar, F. A. Milton, 1st. Fat hog, Fred Grover, 1st. Fat pig, Fred Grover, 1st; Mrs. V. P. Blanchard, 2nd; F. A. Milton, 3rd. 10 pigs, Irving Akers, 3rd.

Sheep and Lambs.
Best lot of sheep, Wm. Gregg.
Poultry.
Best Plymouth Rock fowl, Mrs. O. Hando Hannaford, 2nd. Plymouth Rock chicks, 1st. Leghorns fowl (white), Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, 1st. Wyandotte chicks (white), Malcolm Gregg, 1st; Ralph Penley, 2nd. Rhode Island Red chicks, Mrs. Arthur Stevens, 1st. Wyandotte fowl (white), Walter Bailey, 1st. Bantam chicks, Margaret and Thomas Learned, 1st. Ducks, Malcolm Gregg, 1st; Walter Bailey, 2nd. Indian Runner chicks, Mrs. Arthur Stevens, 1st. Indian Runner fowl, Mrs. Arthur Stevens, 1st.

Horses and Thoroughbreds.
Herd, Durham, Ray Thurston, 1st. Herd, Hereford, Arthur Philbrick, 1st. Durham, 2-year-old bull, Ray Thurston, 1st. Lyrar-old bull, G. W. & S. F. Abbott, 1st. Calf, G. W. & S. F. Abbott, 1st. Cow, Durham, G. W. & S. F. Abbott, 1st. 3rd; Ray Thurston, 2nd. Three year old heifer, Ray Thurston, 1st. Two year old heifer, G. W. & S. F. Abbott, 1st. One year old heifer, Ray Thurston, 1st. Hereford bull, Arthur Philbrick, 1st.

Horses for General Use.
Brood mare and foal, Wm. Gregg, 1st. Two year old filly, Leo Falkingham, Hyton, 1st; Wm. Gregg, Walter Bailey. Sucking colt, Wm. Gregg. Gent's driving horses, Jenkins, 1st; Mitchell, 2nd; Gilnes, 3rd.

Draft Horses.
Brood mare and foal, Irving Akers, 1st; Ray Thurston, 2nd. Three year old gelding, F. A. Milton, 1st. One year old gelding, John P. Talbot, 1st. Sucking colt, Irving Akers, 1st; Ray Thurston, 2nd.

Stock Grade Cows and Heifers.
Cow, Ray Thurston, 1st; Arthur Philbrick, 2nd. Two year old heifer, Ray Thurston, 1st; W. N. Akers, 2nd.

(Continued on Page 5.)

WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines, 1 week, 25c. 3 weeks 50c.

NOTICE.

I wish to announce to the people of Bethel and vicinity that I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and repair work at a reasonable price, also sheet metal work. All work carefully and promptly attended to.
ALBERT BURKE,
Bethel, Maine.
Telephones—Shop, 19-12; Res., 29-7.

**FURNISHED ROOMS
AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE
C. C. BRYANT.**
2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine.
Telephone Connection.

DR. AUSTIN TENNEY, Oculist.
Practice limited to diseases of the Eye and the fitting of Glasses. Office at house of Clarence Hall, Bethel. Last Saturday of every month. All work guaranteed.

SHOE REPAIRING.
Neatly and Promptly Done.
Laces, Polishes, Whiting, Etc.
A. B. BUXTON,
Maine Street, Bethel, Maine.
Opposite N. F. Brown's.

FOR SALE.

Full-blooded S. O. Rhode Island Red pullets; also a flock of one year old R. I. hens.
HAROLD E. RICH,
9-28-31-p. Bethel, Maine.

NOTICE.

I am now ready to make cider at my mill. I have some barrels and kegs to sell.
JAMES WILES,
P. O. Box 216, Bethel, Maine.
9-28-31.

FOR SALE.

Two harness, two covered carriages and one sleigh.
J. H. LITTLE,
10-5-31-p. Bethel, Maine.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Clean, interesting, year-round work in our publishing house in Augusta. No special education, experience or training needed. Any girl not afraid to work can succeed with us and earn a good salary. You get moderate pay (but plenty to live on) at the start—and you have a chance to advance slowly but surely to a good position. The publishing business offers a fine future for smart girls. Write fully about yourself to:
W. H. GANNETT, Pub. Inc.,
Dept. O. C. Augusta, Maine.
10-5-31.

NOTICE.

Bethel Grange will hold their fair at the Grange Hall, Saturday, Oct. 14. There will be fancy articles, aprons, food and candy on sale. A dance will be held in the evening.

NOTICE.

Mrs. Addie E. Wentworth will be in Bethel next week to take orders for hosiery.
10-5-31-p.

New line of ladies' and gent's fall shoes.

New and fresh lot of light and heavy rubbers of all kinds.

SHOE REPAIRING.

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE.

Phone 14-1.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills for Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable. Safe.

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To the Woman who admires smart style in a suit or coat

Especially the woman who has hunted in vain for just the Fall Suit she wants, will find a pleasant surprise here in our Wooltex Suits.

She will find as wide a choice of good and stylish fabrics as ever—no signs of the scarcity that is talked of in some quarters.

She will find tailored and semi-tailored suits, many suggesting the smart Sports idea; utility suits; and many of semi-formal or dress design.

In materials, she has the choice of gabardines, serges, Bedford cords, whip-cords, broadcloths and other favored fabrics.

And in coats, too, she finds an equal freedom of choice—both suits and coats from the celebrated Wooltex House, whose ideals of style, material and tailoring stand second to none in this country.

BROWN, BUCK & CO.

Formerly Thomas Smiley,

Norway, Maine.

The Store That Sells Wooltex Coats and Suits

HANOVER.

An auto party from Mr. A. T. Powers' took a very enjoyable trip the early part of the week, through Grafton Notch and the thirteen mile woods, taking in twelve towns. The roads were in fine condition, and the day was all that could be desired, and with a most excellent and careful chauffeur, Mr. Carroll Holt, the hundred mile ride was an unusually pleasant one.

Mrs. Salome B. Wight from Gorham, N. H., visited Mrs. Austin and Mrs. Bartlett, Thursday.

Judge Rich and mother from Berlin, N. H., were calling on old friends at Mr. Powers', recently.

Mrs. Rose Bartlett left Friday after spending three months with her brother, A. T. Powers. After visiting in Boston and New York she expects to spend the winter in Sumatra, Mont.

Mr. Charles A. Powers has returned to his home in Boston.

Mr. Powers has secured the services of Mrs. French from Brunswick as housekeeper.

A reception was held in Grange Hall, Newry Corner, Sept. 26, for the newlyweds, Mr. Ezra Chapman and Mrs. Nellie Howard Chapman. The large crowd and many beautiful gifts gave evidence of the popularity of the young couple.

The Russell family motored to Portland, Sunday.

Earl Davis of North Newry was a visitor at A. T. Powers' the first of the week.

No frosts and flowers are blooming at this date.

WEST GREENWOOD.

Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler and baby of West Paris were at Mrs. John Kennebec's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Leighton and son, Carroll, of Milan, N. H., are visiting his sister, Mrs. John Jones.

Many from this vicinity attended the Waterford fair.

Mrs. Julia Walsh and son, Willie, of Lewiston were in town a few days last week.

John Gill, Jr., of Hamford visited his brothers, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Leroy and children were Sunday visitors of her mother, Mrs. Swan.

Mrs. Julia Walsh returned to her home in Berlin, N. H., last week.

Azel Bryant was in town, recently.

Mr. Curran was in town, Sunday, to accompany his wife and three children to their home in Lewiston.

Mrs. Elsie Davie was in Lewiston, Saturday.

A. H. Powers from Hanover was in Bethel, Tuesday.

Mr. W. J. Wheeler of So. Paris was a business visitor in town, Tuesday.

Mrs. Lennie Howe has completed her duties at Ceylon Kove & Son's store.

Mrs. Frank Abbott is spending a few days at Owen Demeritt's in Ketchikan.

Supt. and Mrs. F. H. Dyrum have taken furnished rooms at Mr. C. C. Bryant's.

Mr. B. A. Twitchell of Milan, N. H., was a guest at Mrs. Lennie Howe's one day last week.

Mr. Everett Smith and family have moved to Hastings, Me., where Mr. Smith has employment.

Mrs. Mary Allen and family went to the "World's Fair", Saturday, and visited relatives in Stoneham over Sunday.

The subject of the sermon at the Universalist church next Sunday morning will be "Universalism in the 1st Century."

Mrs. Frank Hall has returned to her home in Bangham, Me., after spending a few days as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall.

Prof. W. B. Chapman announces that the Grand Trunk offers reduced rates by the day or week during the Maine Music Festival.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lovejoy of Norway and Mr. Fred Bennett of Westworth Location were Sunday guests at Mr. Ziba Durkee's.

The regular meeting of the Eastern Star will be held Wednesday evening, Oct. 4. A fine program has been prepared and refreshments will be served.

Mrs. Philbrook left Saturday for a week's vacation to be spent in Greene and Waterville. Mrs. Arthur Douglass will take her place at Mr. Ceylon Rowe's.

Mrs. F. L. Merrill and two daughters, Bessie and Helen, of Grand Rapids, Mich., arrived Sunday to spend the month of October with Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Merrill and family.

Mrs. J. H. Howe and little daughter, Agnes, spent the week end with Mrs. Ben Kimball.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harmon from Scarborough are visiting for a few days at E. H. Smith's.

Mrs. Clara Brown of Locke's Mills is a guest of relatives and friends in town, Sunday.

Mrs. Maria Rowe of Mechanic Falls is a guest of her niece, Mrs. A. G. Frost, and family.

The W. R. G. Ladies are preparing for their annual fair which is to be held Friday, Nov. 3.

Mr. Frank King of Capeville, Me., was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Carter the first of the week.

The Universalist Mission Circle meets with Mrs. O. M. Mason, Friday afternoon. Watchword, Progress.

Mrs. G. F. Bartlett, who has been visiting relatives in town for several weeks, returned home, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Williamson are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, born Sunday, Sept. 30.

Embroidery Goods

Table Runners and Center Pieces in Brown Linen.

Pillow Tops, 25c and 50c

Richardson's Rope Floss in all colors, 5c skein

Guest Towels, Corset Covers and Night Robes

Try Garden of Allah Talcum Powder

LYON.

Jewelry and Dry and Fancy Goods.

Cole Block

Bethel, Maine

Miss Vivian Wight underwent a successful operation for appendicitis at her home, Monday.

Miss Mabel Harding of Greenwood was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Copeland last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Bean, who have been visiting with friends in Bethel for the past two weeks, left Saturday for Bellows Falls, after visiting their daughter in Natick, Mass., a few days.

The Social Six will hold their first meeting for the season, Saturday, in the Universalist Chapel at 2:30 P. M. It is hoped that every member will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown left Tuesday morning for their home in Grand Rapids, Mich., after spending several weeks with Mr. Brown's brother, Mr. N. F. Brown. Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Brown accompanied them to Portland, where they will spend a few days.

Rev. J. H. Little was called to attend the funeral of Comrade Charles W. Sanborn at Welchville last Saturday. He was a member of T. A. Roberts Post, G. A. R. at Oxford. He served in the 17th Maine Infantry, was wounded at Gettysburg, and the wound was partly the cause of his death. He was 74 years of age.

The Universalist Sunday School will observe "Bible Sunday" next Sunday, with special exercises. All the members of the school, past and present, with their parents and friends, and those who wish to become members, are cordially invited to be present. Service begins at 12.

Mrs. Carver, Mrs. Ella Mansfield and daughter, Marian, Mrs. F. H. Tuell, Mr. I. L. Carver, Mrs. Sarah Russell and daughter, Cleo, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Thurston and Mr. Fred Tibbets motored to Maplewood, N. H., Sunday, where they were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Gilley.

GILEAD.

Mrs. John Wentworth is visiting her son, E. B. Curtis, and family.

Percy Martin has finished work for G. E. Leighton.

John Richardson and family attended the "World's Fair" at North Waterford last Saturday. They made the trip by auto.

Mrs. Earl Jordan and children of West Greenwood are spending a few days in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wheeler of West Paris have been spending a few days in town.

Mrs. Florence Bryant was in Bethel last Wednesday visiting relatives.

Mrs. Angus Fraser, who has been ill, is much better at this writing.

BETHEL and Vicinity

Mr. W. W. Hastings was in Portland the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Purrington are visiting friends in Chazy, N. Y.

Mr. J. M. Philbrook shipped a car load of cattle to Brighton, Monday.

J. Harold Neal of So. Paris was calling on friends in town the last of the week.

Mr. Benjamin Billings of Bryant's Pond was a business visitor in town last week.

Mr. Melvin Bolster of Portland was a guest of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Hastings, Friday.

Miss Marian Pratt of Reading, Mass., is a guest of Miss Fannie Capen and calling on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Brown have returned from Harmony, where they have been visiting relatives.

Mrs. Alma Mitchell and daughter, Mrs. Howe, were guests of relatives in Hanover one day last week.

Mr. Ernest Godwin, who has been employed as a guide at the Birchies this summer, returned home, Friday.

Rev. J. E. Berry of Barnstable, Mass., visited at the home of his sister, Mrs. B. W. Kimball, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cobb of Cleveland, Ohio, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Tuell a few days last week.

Miss Marian Mansfield returned to Smith College, Wednesday, after spending the summer vacation at her home.

Mr. N. E. Richardson returned home from Aberdeen, Maryland, Monday, where he has been employed in the corn shop.

Miss Alice Kimball left Monday for Chebecquois Island and Boston, where she will stay several weeks, visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. T. B. Burke shipped a car load of cattle to Auburn, Wednesday, among which was a calf three months old that weighed over 400 pounds.

Representative and Mrs. F. L. Edwards went to Augusta last Thursday, where Mr. Edwards attended the special session of the legislature.

Mr. L. W. Ramsell and family spent the week-end with Mrs. Ramsell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Holt, at No. Waterford, and attended the Waterford Fair.

BLUE STORES

Time brings changes

Nowadays it is recognized that the best service a merchant can give is to provide best values in merchandise.

We do this—and we do more. We make you feel that you can not only depend upon the quality of the goods you buy here, but that our interest in you lies deeper.

Your good will is secured by giving you what you want at the prices you ought to pay.

And speaking of values in merchandise, we could not ask for better opportunity to demonstrate than is given us by the smart styles shown in our Fall display of

Kirschbaum Clothes

\$15, and up to \$22

Put us to the test.

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY

SOUTH PARIS

OUR FINAL CLEAN-UP

After Our August Sale

One lot Women's Black Suits, sizes 1, 1-2, 2 and 2-1-2. The regular prices were \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Your choice now for 59c.

One lot Women's Tan Oxfords, sizes, 1, 1-2, 2-1-2, 6 1-2 and 7. The regular price was \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Your choice now for 79c.

One lot Women's Tan Boots, nearly all sizes from 1 to 7. These were \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00, now \$1.50.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

Opera House Block, Tel. 38-2

NORWAY,

MAINE

A Wonderful Automobile Value

There is no necessity of paying \$1500 to \$2000 for an automobile.

Here is one for \$635 that gives you all you need.

It seats five comfortably. Has a big, powerful 31½ horsepower motor; has electric lights and electric starter and is right up-to-date in every respect.

This Overland is the most wonderful automobile value in the world.

F. B. Coffin & Son,

Gilead, Maine

Agents for Bethel and vicinity

LOCKE'S MILLS.

Mrs. Clara Brown was a guest of relatives at Bethel, Sunday.

King Bartlett was in Norway, Saturday.

Mrs. Lydia Varney and son, Lester, of North Buckfield were week end guests of her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Crockett.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Stowell entertained Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Little of Providence, R. I., a few days last week.

Mr. Stowell and wife returned to Rhode

Island with them.

Mrs. Will Moody received a visit from friends from West Paris, Sunday.

Miss Bortha Bartlett and Mrs. A. B. Stowell were delegates to the S. S. Convention at South Paris, Wednesday.

E. L. Tebbets Spool Co. are having their buildings painted.

Several from here attended North Waterford fair, Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Bartlett is visiting friends in Portland.

Mrs. Nina Goodwin was shopping at South Paris, Saturday.

Something New

in

Stamped Goods

A nice line from which to make your Christmas gifts

Sweater Yarns and Crochet Cottons in colors

The Royal Society Crochet Lessons giving complete instruction

Carver's

BY the number of enquiries we have been receiving for the past week from the vicinity of Bethel, we are convinced there are many contemplating shingling and in order to save correspondence we submit prices f. o. b. Bethel:

Ex. No. 1	16 in. White Cedar,	\$1.65
2nd Clear	16 in. "	2.60
Clear	16 in. "	3.50
Extra	16 in. "	3.85
Extra	16 in. Red Cedar,	3.95

CHAS. G. BLAKE,

All Kinds of Building Material

NORWAY.

MAINE.

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Pleasant Re Dedicated as they Circle a

SOME

The watchful appearance and her by natu baby unable to anything is wro signs which al should be commi who has the lit A little baby seriously ill. Tr of indigestion mger, uncomforta ful necessary pl out of sight, ha to cry insistently ever." Indeed, reason for the dress the baby a find the cause. A loss of appet is a fever or dis Watch the bab lated nostrils of difficulty in respi There is no su ach cough." A able is general lungs. If a sig look to the lung If a baby vom after taking food may be too ba baby may be ha hounded on the jolting knee of a Food may be a sometimes an in disease.

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Look seriously tions. They may see, but they m a grave disturba The blue lips an trouble or a tem perature.

Flushed face o cheeks suggests fe moneter is the on taking temperature These signs are importance to a forearmed by bet

CARING FOR Forgetfulness a generally symptom should never be rated. An irresolb dren should not be ishment, as a vol child, and a sick e fretful child. Dive give it something and the temper wi The baby should

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The Home Circle

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide

SOME BABY SIGNS.

The watchful mother will take the appearance and actions as a guide given her by nature by which a little baby unable to talk can tell her when anything is wrong. There are certain signs which should be noted and should be communicated to the doctor who has the little one in charge.

A little baby who cries need not be seriously ill. Frequently a slight case of indigestion may be the cause. Hunger, uncomfortable clothing, a harmful necessary pin doing deadly work out of sight, has caused many babies to cry insistently, "for no reason whatever." Indeed, if there seems to be no reason for the constant crying, undress the baby and you will probably find the cause.

A loss of appetite occurs when there is a fever or disorders of the stomach. Watch the baby when he eats. Dilated nostrils or open mouth shows difficulty in respiration.

There is no such thing as a "cough." A coughing when the lungs are generally traceable to the lungs. If a sign when teething look to the lungs.

If a baby vomits and spits up soon after taking food, the abdominal binder may be too tight. Then again the baby may be handled too much and bounced on the good old-fashioned jolting knee of an ignorant caretaker. Food may be too rich. Vomiting is sometimes an indication of infectious disease.

If the baby frowns, has twitching eyelids or a drawn upper lip, it is probably in pain.

The rubbing of the little ear by the baby may be an effort to point out that pain in the ear is present.

An open mouth indicates adenoids or enlarged tonsils.

If there is delayed dentition, a lack of nutrition may be the cause. Consult a physician and have the diet changed.

If in nursing a baby cannot retain the nipple and cries, a sore mouth may be the reason. It may also be tongue-tied.

Look seriously into all skin eruptions. They may be of minor importance, but they may be indications of a grave disturbance of the system.

The blue lips may be a sign of heart trouble or a temporary disturbed circulation.

Flushed face or high color in the cheeks suggests fever. A rectal thermometer is the only reliable guide for taking temperature in this case.

These signs are little, but of great importance to a mother eager to be forewarned by being forewarned.

CARING FOR THE BABIES.

Forgetfulness and irritability are generally symptoms of ill-health, and should never be recklessly or lightly rated. An irascible disposition in children should not be dealt with by punishment, as a well child is a happy child, and a sick child is inevitably a fretful child. Divert the child's mind; give it something else to think of, and this temper will improve.

The baby should be encouraged to

crawl on all-fours as soon as it shows a desire to do so. This exercise develops all the muscles of the body. Do not try to get it to stand up until it is ready of itself to do so. Premature walking results in "bandy-legs."

Excess of nourishment is far less pernicious than deficiency; inefficiency of diet, or a faulty digestion which does not get the nourishment necessary from diet given, lays the foundation for scrofula, tuberculosis in some form, and many other diseases. In a child of good constitution, with active habits, the natural appetite is a good gauge to go by, and if symptoms of over-eating appear, the supply should be for a time withdrawn. The food must be proportioned to the constitution and habits of the child.

A good wash-over is a necessity to the child, and the more delicate the child, the greater care should be taken to keep the skin clean. A healthy skin is a clean skin, usually, but a bath won't do any harm, if properly given.

The milk for a baby should never be boiled, but merely scalded. Boiling deprives it of one of its nutritive principles—albumen—which rises to the surface in a thick scum. Sugar should be added to the milk at the moment of taking it, and very little at that time. An excellent breakfast for a child of sixteen to eighteen months is made of stale bread crumbled down, with an egg boiled for one minute mixed through it, and cold milk drank with it.

WOMEN OUTDOORS AND IN.

Reading on the one hand lamentations because the young women of the day are too athletic, that they have lost grace and charm and ladyhood, and on the other that women do not know how to play and have lost much with the splendid out-of-doors, the reader is driven to ask for more light. Perhaps the fact is that when girls do take to athletics they do so with exactly the same qualities of tenacity and responsibility which a writer ascribes to the non-playing women in an article in Good Housekeeping.

He thinks that women, especially after the responsibilities of the mothers of the home have come to them, are far more likely than men to settle down under the routine of the day and year to stay plodding away at home or in the mechanical round of club or society associations, doing the same conventional thing every day. The men of the house, on the other hand, like to break away on occasions, without stopping to think about it. They suddenly put on their old togs and are away for a day in the open, or two days, dropping every care from their shoulders meantime.

Of course the girl rising to womanhood just now is more likely to be an all around woman, for her training is more and more demanding a well-rounded capacity, but the writer of the article in question seems to be thinking more especially of the mothers of families, and of the women who have been school teachers or librarians or bookkeepers during the years when the colleges have been changing the social point of view of women.

These women of longer experience have in too many cases, it seems, forgotten how to have a real good time. They perhaps never learned, for it was not the fashion when they were girls to play out of doors and enjoy what is to be seen and experienced there as the boys did. But if they would only take up the habit of outdoor play, searching out the childlike delights of the wild, they would find themselves freed of many a lead of care that is really a molehill but pretends to be a mountain. In short everybody everywhere seems to be exhorting others to the simple life and childlike attitude.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

The Constitution of the United States doesn't mention health? Procrastination in sanitary reform is the thief of health?

A book on "Exercise and Health" may be had free for the asking from the U. S. Public Health Service!

Not everybody can achieve greatness but everybody can be clean!

If you sow a hygienic habit you reap health—reap health and you attain longevity!

Railway cars would be sanitary if it weren't for the people in them!

America's typhoid fever bill is more than \$270,000,000 a year!

The full dinner pail is the enemy of tuberculosis!

It is dangerous to put anything into the mouth except food and drink!

Sanitary instruction is even more important than sanitary legislation!

The U. S. Public Health Service issues free bulletins on tuberculosis!

The continuous liberal use of alcoholic beverages lowers efficiency and menaces longevity!

Moderate exercise in the open air prolongs life!

"Mouth breathing" makes children stupid!

Fish cannot live in foul water nor man in foul air!

Smallpox is wholly preventable!

ZIRA

WONDERFULLY GREAT CIGARETTES



There never has been a great cigarette success that wasn't based on **BETTER QUALITY.**

ZIRA proves it!

In four years ZIRA has reached the head of the procession.

Why? Better tobacco made them famous.

The **MILDEST** Cigarette.

BETTER TOBACCO MADE THEM FAMOUS

CANTON

Miss Alice Norton of Boston is a guest of her uncle, J. W. Thompson, and family of Canton.

Mrs. Helen A. Eastman is a guest of her sister, Mrs. W. E. Minton, of Andover, also relatives at Bethel.

Miss Belle Gibbs of Livermore Falls is at work for Mrs. Guy Boothby.

Byron C. Walte has been on the sick list for a few days.

Miss Lena Ingersoll of Buckfield has charge of the central telephone station at Canton.

Frank Brooks of Lewiston has been a guest of M. B. Packard and wife.

Mrs. Dexter Gurney of Hartford is at the C. M. G. Hospital for treatment.

S. D. Ellis was in Portland, Thursday. George Glover and family are moving to New Gloucester, where he has purchased a farm.

Principal Donald B. Partridge went to Norway, Sunday, to visit his mother, Mrs. Frances Partridge, who is in poor health.

A conference of the superintendents of schools in this vicinity will be held at the Grange Hall, Canton, next Friday, when good speakers will address the meeting. A fine dinner will be furnished by Canton Grange.

Alfred H. Klader of Canton Point has been ill for the past five weeks. Dr. Young of the State Board of Health was called on the case as the physicians did not agree as to the cause of his illness. It was thought best to quarantine the house and also fumigate for the safety of the public.

Mrs. Alice Strout of Millville is at work for Mrs. George Brown of Hartford.

A pleasant meeting of the Universalist, Circle was held with Mrs. Wm. K. DeCoster, Thursday afternoon. Mrs. James W. Bicknell will be hostess in two weeks.

The friends in Canton of Mrs. W. J. Twort will be pained to hear of her death which occurred at her home in Haverhill, Mass., after a long period of ill health. Rev. W. J. Twort was a former pastor of the Free Baptist church of Canton.

MAKING A NEW LAWN.

September Best Time for Planting in North Central and Middle Atlantic States.

The early part of September is the best time for seeding a new lawn in the States south of New England and north of the Potomac and Ohio Rivers, according to plant specialists of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. Likewise, the repairing of lawns in this region is much more likely to be successful if undertaken in the early autumn rather than in the early spring.

The reason late summer and fall planting is preferable where climatic conditions will permit is that young grass does not stool well in spring and summer and is not aggressive enough during these seasons to combat weeds. In the northern tier of States and New England these conditions do not hold, and spring is the best time for lawn work.

At that time in the extreme North the soil is more open than later in the season and offers a better seed bed.

Soil Preparation.

The first consideration in making a new lawn is a suitable soil. This should be well drained and of good texture and should be thoroughly prepared. A good team will need only enrichment. This may be brought about best by a dressing of well-rotted barn-yard manure thoroughly worked in. If manure is not available, 20 pounds of bone meal for each 1,000 square feet may be substituted. If the lawn site is of stiff clay both sand and humus or decayed vegetable matter must be worked in if a good turf is to be secured. There is little danger of using too much of either of these materials. Light sandy soils should have clay and humus worked in to increase their water-holding capacity. The humus may be supplied in the form of manure compost or soil from mushroom beds at the rate of one-half ton to 1,000 square feet of area. After the proper constituents are supplied the lawn soil should be thoroughly stirred and firmed. This preparation should begin several weeks before seeding time to allow sufficient time for the ground

KEEP WELL INFORMED BY READING THE BEST NEWS PAPER.

This You Can Do For Three Cents A Day.

Right here in New England you will find a publication that ranks conspicuously with the leading newspapers of the country.

Its makeup and style is an example of journalistic excellence. Its news columns cover the current topics of the world, ably written and carefully edited. It has many interesting "Special Features," one or more of which will particularly appeal to you, once you read them. In fact, there is an educational value to every line it prints.

A newspaper such as the Boston Evening Transcript, that is constantly setting the highest standard in news service throughout the country, ought to be the paper for you to read.

The publishers at Boston, Mass., will be pleased to send, without cost, a few copies to anyone on request.

to settle and for weed seeds to germinate.

Kentucky blue grass is, in general, the most desirable turf-forming grass for lawn use in the northern part of the United States. For best results it usually is made the predominant ingredient in mixtures containing also the seeds of several other grasses and white clover. A mixture found satisfactory by department specialists consists of 17 parts of Kentucky blue grass, 4 parts reseeded redtop, 3 parts perennial ryegrass, and 1 part white clover. Those planting lawns must not make the mistake of sowing their seed too thinly, for a thick stand of grass is essential at the beginning. From 4 to 5 pounds of the above mixture should be sown for each 1,000 square feet of area. The seed may be covered over a small area by hand raking or, on a large area, by a weeder. After the seeds are covered the planted area may be rolled lightly.

A stuck pig squeals, a hit dog yelps, and the guilty man is always seeing a pursuer.

Soil Preparation.

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AFTER SIX YEARS OF SUFFERING

Woman Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Columbus, Ohio.—"I had almost given up. I had been sick for six years with female troubles and nervousness. I had a pain in my right side and could not eat anything without hurting my stomach. I could not drink cold water at all nor eat any kind of raw fruit, nor fresh meat nor chicken. From 178 pounds I went to 118 and would get so weak at times that I fell over. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and ten days later I could eat and it did not hurt my stomach. I have taken the medicine ever since and I feel like a new woman. I now weigh 127 pounds so you can see what it has done for me already. My husband says he knows your medicine has saved my life." Mrs. J. S. Barlow, 1024 South 4th St., Columbus, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound contains just the virtues of roots and herbs needed to restore health and strength to the weakened organs of the body. That is why Mrs. Barlow, a chronic invalid, recovered so completely.

It pays for women suffering from any female ailments to insist upon having Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Goods

Christmas gifts

as in colors

Seasons

ver's

RUMFORD

Lou Matthews, who has been substituting in the telephone office for the past two months, is soon to complete her duties.

Mr. and Mrs. Dana C. York of Strathglass Park with Miss Lillian Rollins enjoyed an automobile trip through the White Mountains on Saturday last.

There will be about twelve of the members of the Rumford Festival Chorus who will attend the Music Festival in Portland next week.

The appliances of the jail and police station are now being moved from their old quarters at the head of Congress street to their new rooms in the basement of the new municipal building, where everything will soon be in readiness.

Children playing in the woods near Strathglass Park this week found a cache constructed of boards which was found to contain valuables which were among those stolen from the residence of George W. Pettengill last summer. The goods recovered are worth about \$300, though over \$1000 was taken. The children's attention was drawn to the cache by a small door. Officer Cobb was notified, and the goods discovered. They included silverware, cut glass, jewelry and other valuables. The monogram E. M. S. furnished the necessary clue, the letters being the initials of Mrs. Pettengill. Carpenter's tools believed to have been stolen from Wm. Auger at about the same time, were also found in the cache.

Rumford people may be interested in the fact that Hon. Hugh J. Chisholm is included in a syndicate of Maine and New York men who have just purchased the largest pulp and paper mill in the Canadian Maritime Provinces. The property for which it is said \$2,000,000 will be paid includes mills at the River Falls and large timber lands in New Brunswick.

Mr. Edward S. Kennard of Knox street has purchased the L. M. Robinson property on Washington street now occupied by the families of Rodney McDonald and Clinton Ellis. Mr. Kennard will remodel the place in the spring into an up-to-date residence for himself.

Among those who will attend the Music Festival at Portland the coming week will be: Mrs. Waldo Pettengill and daughter, Mrs. John Greene, Mrs. C. S. Osgood and daughter, Mrs. B. Gould McIntire, Miss Mabel Chase and Mrs. Isaac W. Greene.

Mr. Harry S. Coker and wife are moving from the I. W. Greene house on Franklin street to the house on Pine street formerly occupied by D. B. Morris and family. Mr. and Mrs. Leon Fide will occupy the house on Franklin street vacated by the Cokers.

Mr. John K. McKenzie and daughter, Marguerite, of Knox street leave next week to spend the winter in Boston.

Mrs. N. P. Willis of Auburn, formerly Miss Jennie Pratt of Rumford, and her sister, Miss Gertrude Pratt, have been spending several days in town the guests of relatives.

Mr. H. L. Elliott, superintendent of the Rumford and Mexico Water District, left on Wednesday of this week for the Packard camps at South Rangley, where he will spend some time for the benefit of his health.

Rev. J. M. Arters, pastor of the Methodist church, will lead the consecration service at the State Conference of Sunday Schools to be held at Saco, Oct. 20, 21 and 22.

Miss Vena Blanchard, who has been employed as bookkeeper in the Cooperative Store, left this week for Wyoming, where she has accepted a position as stenographer.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fitzgerald of Augusta with their niece, Miss Abbie Perry, of Rumford are spending a fortnight at Camp Ellis, Saco.

Miss Louise McMenamin has opened a studio at her home, 11 Knox street, where she is to teach the art of china decorating. Miss McMenamin wishes to organize a juvenile class to meet on Saturday mornings.

Charles Brotzman is enjoying a fortnight's vacation from his duties in the Oxford mill and is spending it in New York City.

Miss Clara Hall of Newcastle is a guest of her sister, Mrs. B. W. Trask, of Penobscot street.

Theodore Spear left this week for his home in Boston to enjoy a fortnight's visit with his parents.

Mrs. J. Abbott Nile entertained the Ladies' Aid of the Universalist church at her home on Prospect avenue, Virginia District, on Tuesday afternoon of this week.

A GOOD FRIEND

A good friend stands by you when in need. Bethel people tell how Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test. Mr. Heath endorsed Doan's over four years ago and again confirms the story. Could you ask for more convincing testimony?

C. H. Heath, carpenter, High St., Bethel, says: "I suffered terribly from backache, headache and dizzy spells. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage, being entirely too frequent. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bossman's Drug Store, and in a few weeks I was entirely cured." (Statement given July 21, 1911.)

On June 8, 1916, Mr. Heath said: "I gladly give you permission to use my recommendation, as I am still a firm believer in Doan's Kidney Pills. I use them as I feel in need of them and they always bring as good results as they did the first time I took them." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Heath has twice publicly recommended. Foster-McLurg Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Superintendent E. L. Lovejoy of the Maine Central Railroad has arranged so that the forenoon mail in the winter will arrive here a little after 10 A. M. Adolph E. Walters has sold his interest in Cheney Theatre to William F. Gray, proprietor of the Mystic Theatre of Lewiston. Mr. Walters will continue to manage the theatre.

Fred LaChance has severed his connection with the Dunham restaurant and is now employed by his brother, Homer LaChance.

Miss Eva Cayer is clerking in the store of the O. L. McKenzie Co.

Milton Littlefield is ill with typhoid fever at his home in Strathglass Park. Miss Gladys Hanley has taken up her position as substitute clerk in the Rumford Post Office.

M. M. McCurdy has resigned as the representative of the International Correspondence School and has taken over the towel business of Linerick and Randolph.

Mrs. J. L. Haines of York street, who has had a slight run of typhoid fever, is recovering.

Robert Howland, a graduate of the New York Economists Training School, is substituting as manager of the E. K. Day Co. basement during the absence of Mr. Randolph.

Misses Mabel Soule and Ida Taylor of the class of 1916, Rumford High School, have entered Bates College.

Many in town will be interested to learn of the approaching marriage of Miss Lily Maud Hillman and Linwood Clark. Miss Hillman, at one time was employed in the office of the Oxford Paper Company, but for the past year has been employed as stenographer in the office of the Bath Iron Works.

Miss Albertine Gagnon of Machias, P. Q., is making a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. Leo Gamache.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sheehan are enjoying a month's vacation which they are spending in Boston and New York. Their little daughter, Evelyn, is stopping at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gallant.

Ena Carrier, a member of Company D, now stationed on the Mexican border, has been promoted from musician to Sergeant Bugler. He has charge of twenty-one buglers, and stays at the officers' headquarters.

Jerry Murphy, a senior at the Rumford High School is a lucky boy, for he has an opportunity to attend Harvard College with all expenses paid. A few years ago, a man by the name of Murphy died in Boston and by his will the sum of \$75,000 was set aside to send boys by the name of Murphy through Harvard College of which Mr. Murphy was a graduate. He was also a bachelor. This provision of the will was published in the Boston newspapers and Professor Charron, a teacher in the Rumford High School, at once made application for Jerry Murphy. This application was the first one received by the President of Harvard College, who was named in the will as executor.

Dr. Charles M. Blaboe is in Wayne with his son, Chester G. Blaboe, where he is to take charge of some building operations for him. Mr. Parlin is also with Chester Blaboe helping with the fall work.

The many friends of Conductor G. A. Dudley of the Maine Central are glad to welcome him again in Rumford on the winter change of time.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney J. Vaughan and daughter of Hillside avenue, leave this week for a two weeks' vacation which they will spend in the provinces, making the trip in their automobile.

Rumford people are much pleased at the news of the early return from the Mexican border of the boys of the 2nd Maine Regiment of which Company D is a part. The word now at hand is that this Company start for home this week.

Columbus Day, October 12, will be fittingly observed by the Sons of Italy, Garita Lodge 407, that has a membership of over 100. A parade will be one of the features of the day.

ANDOVER FAIR.

Continued from page 1

One year old, Ray Thurston, 1st; Arthur Philbrick, 2nd; Irving Akers, 3rd. Calf, Ray Thurston, 1st; Arthur Philbrick, 2nd, 3rd. Bull calf, Arthur Philbrick, 1st.

Grade Dairy.

Cow, Wm. Milton, 1st. One year old heifer, Wm. Milton, 1st. Calf, Wm. Milton, 1st.

Oxen and Steers.

Three year old steers, Arthur Philbrick, 1st; Ray Thurston, 2nd. Two year old steers, Ray Thurston, 1st; G. W. & S. P. Abbott, 2nd; Arthur Philbrick, 3rd. One year old, Ray Thurston, 1st. Calf, Ray Thurston, 1st. Matched oxen, Arthur Philbrick, 1st; Ray Thurston, 2nd. Two year old, Irving Akers, 1st; W. N. Akers, 2nd; Arthur Philbrick, 3rd. One year old steers, Arthur Philbrick, 1st. Calves, Arthur Philbrick, 1st. Town team steers, Arthur Philbrick, 1st. Fat steers, W. N. Akers, 1st.

Fancy Work.

Tatted collar, Mrs. Edward Akers, 1st. Handmade knit lace, Miss Lizzie Hall, 1st. Woolen yarn, Mrs. M. H. Elliott, 1st. Crocheted flat collar, Mrs. Frys-Goddard, 1st; Mrs. G. E. Elliott, 2nd; Mrs. Stephen Marston, 3rd. Crocheted yoke, Miss Mina Stevens, 1st. Gold stockings, Mrs. Clayton Sweet, 1st, 2nd. Best specimen of tating, Mrs. Ada Merrill, 1st. Bridled rug, Mrs. Laura Dugas, 1st; Mrs. C. A. Andrews, 2nd; Miss Alice Andrews, 3rd. Fancy rug, Mrs. Robert Howey, 1st; Matilda Hall, 2nd. Silk quilt, Mrs. Carleton Hutchins, 1st; Matilda Hall, 2nd. Calico patchwork quilt, Mrs. Frank Langdon, 1st. Patchwork comforter, Mrs. Stephen Marston, 1st; Mrs. Richard Osborne, 2nd; Mrs. Daniel Campbell, 3rd. Quilted quilt, Mrs. Walter Bailey, 1st. Linen and crochet bed spread, Mrs. G. F. Elliott, 1st.

Judges: Mrs. Chas. Howard, Mrs. Clayton Sweet and Mrs. L. D. Elliott. Crocheted yoke with braid, Miss Mina Stevens, 1st. Needlework, Mrs. G. M. Newhall, 1st. Knitted baby socks, Mrs. Newhall, 1st. Handmade animals, Mrs. George Gibbs, 1st. Crocheted night robe-yoke, Mrs. Evelyn Morton, 1st; Miss Matilda Hall, 2nd. Crocheted corset cover, Mrs. Hollis Ellingwood, 1st. Crocheted dolly, Mrs. G. F. Elliott, 2nd. Centerpiece with daisy lace, Mrs. G. F. Elliott, 1st. Swedish dresser scarf, Mrs. Jesse Elliott, 1st. Fancy photo holder, Louisa R. Murray, 2nd. Embroidered towels, Alice Andrews, 1st. Hem-stitched towel, Alice Andrews, 1st. Pillow slips, Alice Andrews, 1st. Crocheted child's dress, Etta M. Brooks, 1st. Knapsack, Frank Keith, 1st. Landscape photographs, Louis K. Murray, 1st. Knit head bag, Mrs. Abby Wyman, 1st. Cross stitch bureau scarf, Constance Poor, 1st; Mrs. Marston, 2nd. Knitted jacket, Mrs. Beall, 1st. Embroidered pillow cases, Jim Clough, 1st; Mertie Learned, 2nd; Margaret Hall, 3rd. Embroidered guest towel, Mrs. Warren Marston, 1st; Alice Thurston, 2nd; Ellen Akers, 3rd. Fancy bags, Mrs. Abbie Poor, 1st; Matilda Hall, 2nd. Crocheted collars, Mrs. Bessie Fox, 1st. Crocheted mat, Mrs. Abbie Poor, 1st. Embroidered infant's bonnet, Mrs. Vard Perkins, 2nd. Fancy duck sofa pillow, Mrs. Vard Perkins, 1st. Embroidered collar, Mrs. Archer Poor, 1st. Embroidered towel, Mrs. Poor, 1st. Work bag, Mrs. Warren Marston, 2nd. Corset covers, Mrs. Marston, 1st. Oriental towels, Mrs. Stephen Marston, 1st. Tatted towels, Mrs. Ada Merrill, 1st; Ellen Akers, 2nd; Mrs. Warren Marston, 3rd. Flat crocheted insertion, Mrs. Warren Marston, 1st. Embroidered corset cover, Ellen Akers, 1st. Fancy handkerchief, Miss Akers, 1st. Tatted handkerchief, Mrs. E. Akers, 1st. Tatted mat, Mrs. Akers, 2nd. Embroidered dressing sack, Annie Akers, 2nd. Pillow top, Mrs. A. J. Stevens, 1st. Bureau scarf, Mrs. Stevens, 1st. Shamrock jacket, Mrs. Clayton Sweet, 1st. Fancy box, Dorothy Adams, 1st. Boudoir cap, Miss Adams, 1st. Embroidered pin cushion, Mrs. Frank Newton, 1st. Buffet scarf, Mrs. Newton, 1st. Crocheted mats, Helen Turkett, 2nd. Ribbon work, sofa pillow, Miss Stevens, 1st. Ribbon bureau scarf, 1st; pin cushion, 1st. Sofa pillow, Tressa Milton, 1st; Margaret Akers, 2nd. Hand made handkerchief, Thekla Poor, 1st. Embroidered towel, Thekla Poor, 1st. Fancy sofa pillow, Lawrence Roberts, 1st. Embroidered calendar and skirt hanger, Beatrice

Warren. Cross stitch needlework, Tressa Milton, 1st. Bead bag, Mary Marston, 1st. Pompano, Tressa Milton, 1st; Elizabeth French, 2nd. Best display of bread and pastry cooking, Della Thurston, 1st.

Judges: Gertrude Poor, Elmo Dyer and Alice Staples.

Embroidered centerpiece, Dorothy Akers, 1st; Mrs. Stephen Marston, 2nd; Mrs. Elmer Clough, 3rd. Flat centerpiece, Mrs. G. F. Elliott, 1st. Crocheted centerpiece, Mrs. Samuel Marston, 1st. Embroidered table cover, Alice Andrews, 1st; Matilda Hall, 2nd; Mrs. Elmer Clough, 3rd. Embroidered fancy sofa pillow, Anna McAssey, 1st; Mrs. Carlton Hutchinson, 2nd; Mrs. Whitney Roberts, 3rd. Fancy apron, Ellen Akers, 1st. Embroidery, Wallachian, Eyelet, Mrs. Elmer Clough, 1st. Solid embroidery, Miss Jane Gregg.

Jellies, Mrs. F. S. Smith, 1st; Mrs. V. M. Perkins, Mrs. A. J. Stevens, Mrs. M. H. Elliott. Mixed pickle, Mrs. W. N. Akers, 2nd. Chopped tomato pickle, Mrs. Akers, 1st. Maple sugar, Mrs. M. H. Elliott, 1st.

Best variety of flowers, Mrs. B. B. Stratton, 1st. Cut flowers, Mrs. Agnes Milton, 1st. House plant, Mrs. Chas. Learned, 1st; Mrs. Milton, 2nd.

Fruit.

Barlett pears, G. H. Elliott, 1st. Ben Davis apple, Mrs. R. B. Stratton, 1st; Jesse Elliott, 2nd. Black Oxford, Mrs. V. Blanchard, 1st; L. R. Hall, 2nd. Blue pearmain, Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, 1st; G. H. Elliott, 2nd. Northern Spy, W. J. Perkins, 1st; Mrs. A. J. Stevens, 2nd. McIntosh red, W. J. Perkins, 1st; G. H. Elliott, 2nd. Wealthy, L. R. Hall, 1st; John Bailey, 2nd. Duchess, Mrs. Clarence Hall, 1st; Walter Howe, 2nd. Baldwin, Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, 1st. Wolf River, Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, 1st; J. A. French, 2nd. Porter, Walter Howe, 1st; Ralph Bailey, 2nd. Striped Strawberry, Mrs. R. B. Stratton, 1st; Crabapple, J. A. French, 1st; Mrs. R. B. Stratton, 2nd. Gravenstein, Walter Howe, 1st. Early Harvest, Mrs. R. B. Stratton, 1st. Wild Goose plum, H. G. Elliott, 1st. Wine apple and red William, H. G. Elliott, 2nd. Garden Royal, Mrs. V. Blanchard, 1st. Cranberries, Mrs. M. H. Elliott, 1st; J. P. Talbot, 2nd. Early Porter apples, Jesse Elliott, 1st. Patten apple, Jesse Elliott, 1st. American Beauty, Jesse Elliott, 2nd.

The Races.

Felix M. won the only race which filled on Wednesday. He also got a bonus of \$50 for entering a 2:28 or better class.

Roxbury easily defeated Andover in the ball game 7 to 1. The racing summary:

Felix M., b g (Milton), 1 2 1
Fannie Forbes, blk m (Gregg), 2 2 2
Dorothy Atlas, b m (Mitchell), 3 3 3
Time—2:20; 2:22; 2:24; 2:37.

The two races on Thursday went in straight heats. Rumford won the slow race while Jeanette C. was almost unopposed for first money in the free-for-all. The summary:

2:40 Mixed—Purse \$50.
Rumford, b g (Hall), 1 1 1
Dora M., b m (Small), 2 2 2
Flora Atlas, ch m (Mitchell), 4 3 3
Gray Bird, g m (—), 3 4 4
Time—2:40; 2:43; 2:47.

Free-for-All—Purse \$150.
Jeanette C., b m (Healy), 1 1 1
Felix M., b g (Milton), 2 2 2
Fannie Forbes, b m (Gregg), 3 3 3
Time—2:23; 2:30; 2:28 1-4.

Roxbury won a free scoring ball game from Andover 12 to 10.

GO TO SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY
OCTOBER 8, 1915.

A Proclamation by the Governor.

To the People of the State of Maine: Whereas, the Maine State Sunday School Association has called my attention to a general movement having for its object the arousing of interest in Sunday School work and increasing of Sunday School attendance, and has requested me to issue a proclamation for the purpose of advancing this movement in the State of Maine; and

Whereas, the Maine State Sunday School Association has appointed Sunday, October eighth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, as "Go to Sunday School Day," to be observed with appropriate exercises by Sunday Schools of all denominations represented in the association:

Therefore, I, Oakley C. Curtis, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim Sunday, October eighth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, as "Go to Sunday School Day," and commend to the people the observance of this day by attending Sunday School in the church of their choice.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State of Maine, in the executive chamber at Augusta, on this thirtieth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and of the State of Maine the ninety-seventh.

OAKLEY C. CURTIS,
By the Governor,
JOHN E. BUNKER,
Secretary of State.

In the mind of the gossip, spreading scandal becomes a virtue.

Dead men tell no tales, but the same can not be said of some live ones.



Pictured above is the Hub-Mark Storm Slipper.

FROM the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the Gulf to the Great Lakes, this is the favorite rubber of men and women who want a light-weight and dressy rubber that is a real protection in snow and rain. This Storm Slipper is also made for men, boys and girls.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is your value mark.

HUB-MARK RUBBERS
The World's Standard Rubber Footwear
For sale by all good dealers.

HOW SOLDIERS

KILL MONOTONY.

(Continued from Page 4.)

these desert towns.

At El Centro, Cal., I found the first furnace. This thriving town is in the Imperial Valley—no doubt once upon a time a great sea.

I arrived at night and went to a barber shop.

"I see you are a stranger here," the barber said. I asked how he saw it and he replied that none but strangers ever wore coats and collars, and he said I would shed mine fast enough.

He was a prophet. I shed everything the rules would permit and I wished the rules might be suspended. Day after day just a glare of sun heat with never a breeze. If just drove one to the autos—on the front seat of a car driving 30 miles an hour there was slight relief. I hunted an irrigation ditch and I would sit there by the hour with my feet in the water half way to my knees, shoes and stockings on.

And when night would come the gates were opened and the muddy water of the Colorado was let into the irrigation ditches. You could smell the rank growth of vegetation everywhere. It smelled like a vapor of minna. Depressing heat waves came up from the hot land and the air did not seem to satisfy. It just seemed as if I had to have a fresh breath or two. But it was not to be had in El Centro in mid-summer. Often the thermometer goes to 120, and yet thousands of people live in these valley towns and ranches the year around. Many who are able to go to San Diego for about six months of the year and a man who owns a ranch in the Imperial Valley becomes able in a short time.

The Imperial Valley is the garden spot of the United States. It was for ages a barren desert valley. Then capital, after years of heart-breaking work, anxiety and failures, turned the Colorado river into these sun-baked acres and transformed it into the richest land on earth. You who have read "The Winning of Barbara Worth" have a very good understanding of the early dry trials of this land.

Everything can almost be grown to order in this wonderful land. The sun is ever beating down, the land's richness seems inexhaustible, and with water that can be distributed anywhere at any time—well that is a combination none can beat. So this valley can put almost anything on the market full two months earlier than the most climates favored localities in the United States. And one crop after another can be raised as fast as harvested. Every vegetable known grows quicker and bigger than in most any other locality, alfalfa grows about as fast as it can be harvested, and fat cattle cover the ranches.

There are two months in mid winter when the climate of the valley is endurable, even pleasant, but the other ten it is a furnace in which there is no comfort in living.

And the Washington guardsmen, fresh from out of one of the coldest summer states in the union, were put on this frying pan. Imagine drilling eight hours a day in such heat. No wonder they asked to be transferred.

But there are few cool places on the Mexican border. The Oregon boys have the most comfortable location on the whole frontier. They are located on the border south of San Diego, and that city has the most uniform climate of any city in our country. For a short time in the morning it gets pretty warm, after which the ocean breeze comes in and the days are comfortable, and the nights are even cold.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Do You Wear Glasses?

If so send me a postal today for my accurate Home Eye Tester. Tells you the simple questions to answer from which I prescribe your Glasses. It is

Absolutely Free of Charge.

These Glasses are Clear Crystal Lenses made up in 10 Karat Gold Filled frames guaranteed in every way for ten years.

Send today for my Eye Tester. Free for asking Address J. M. SOLOMON, M. D. RUTLAND, VT.

WEST PARIS

The West Paris public school teachers were given a public reception at Centennial Hall, Monday evening by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. In the receiving line were the teachers: Miss Wall, Miss Flint, Miss Curran, Miss Carter and Miss Spiller, Mrs. Lewis C. Bates and Rev. and Mrs. L. W. Grundy. Several ladies of the Union acted as ushers. Gossip and crackers were served. An excellent program was rendered: Music by orchestra from South Paris; Solo, encore, Alice Barden; piano solo, encore, Mr. Harmon of Massachusetts; address of welcome from the W. C. T. U. president, Mrs. J. C. Bates; welcome from the churches of the village, Rev. L. W. Grundy; welcome from the different grades of school, Lucy Edwards, Olga McKen and Henry Briggs; response on behalf of the teachers, Miss Diana J. Wall, principal of high school. Miss Wall has begun her third year as principal of the high school. Miss Carter her second year as teacher of intermediate and Miss Spiller second year teacher of primary. Miss Curran, principal of the grammar and Miss Flint assistant teacher in the high school are new teachers this year.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Ridlon, Mrs. L. J. Penley and Miss Alice Penley started Tuesday for St. Johnsbury, Vt. Mr. Ridlon went on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Mann, L. M. Mann, H. J. Tuell and Miss Laura Barden motored to Lewiston, Monday, L. M. and E. J. Mann went from Lewiston to Portland by trolley on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard McKen are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Mann returned Sunday from a month's stay at their cottage at Bryant's Pond.

Ralph Bacon, Augustus Bacon, Carroll Bacon and R. R. Berry motored to Magalloway, Tuesday, to attend the Masonic meeting held there.

Mrs. F. S. Farnum held her usual fall display of millinery on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. Lucinda Small is visiting friends here. After a visit with friends at Berlin she will return and board with G. H. Martin's family during the winter.

MAINE FAIR DATES.

Oct. 10—Litchfield Fair, Litchfield.
Oct. 10, 11, 12—Sagadahoc Co., Topsham.
Oct. 12, 13, 14—Four County, Pittsford, N.H.

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douche stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for sore throat, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical.

The extraordinary strength and germicidal power of Paxtine is proven by the fact that it is used by the U. S. Army, Navy, and Marine Corps.

For Your Health's Sake
keep the stomach, liver and bowels in order, with
"L. F." ATWOOD'S MEDICINE

This old-fashioned remedy is good for young and old. It has been before the people of New England for over sixty years. It is known to be reliable, and relieves and benefits in a very short time.

Buy a bottle at the nearest drug store or write for free sample.
"L. F." MEDICINE CO.
Portland, Maine

For Sale Great Stock and Timber Farm

200 acres, with 100 tons, No. 1 hay, only 2 miles from H. R. town in one of Oxford County's best FARMING DISTRICTS, 25,000 PINE TIMBER, plenty of hardwood, pasture for 40 head. BUILDINGS in first-class repair, running spring water to both house and barn; DWELLING has 11 nice rooms, BARN 54x100, 24 up to 40 head. Also included—a small dwelling for rent for hired help. This entire property for \$25,000, one-half down. Send for photos.

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QUARRIES, FACTORY LOCATIONS, MILL SITES, FARMS, SITES FOR SUMMER HOTELS AND CAMPS.

Located on the line of the
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD
give opportunity to those desiring to make a change in location for a new start in life.

UNDEVELOPED WATER POWERS, UNLIMITED RAW MATERIAL AND GOOD FARMING LAND

Await development.

Communications regarding locations are invited and will receive attention when addressed to any agent of the MAINE CENTRAL, or to
**INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD,
PORTLAND, MAINE.**

FOINTER FOR LOCAL MERCHANTS.

The advertising manager of one of the largest mail order houses in the country is a talk before the members of an advertising club recently gave some interesting information on how they secured much of their business. He said:

"We have a bureau whose duty it is to read each week the country newspapers from all over the country. There is not a paper of any consequence in our trade territory that our bureau does not get. This bureau looks over these papers and when we find a town where the merchants are not advertising in the local paper, we immediately send that territory with our literature. It always brings results far in excess of the same effort put forth in territory where local merchants use their local paper."

That is about the size of the mail-order situation. The local merchant who does not use his local paper for advertising has only himself to blame when north-wind local business goes by the mail-order route to New York and Chicago—Michigan.

POEMS WORTH READING

OCTOBER.

Albert E. Vassar.

Dear October! Grand October!
Though your days be chill and sober,
Still we love you in your waning prime;
For 'tis then the corn is yellow
And the apples ripe and mellow,
And the lazy stillness tells of nothing
Time.

Oh, October! Brisk October!
Can't you stay? Why be a rover?
For you see as old November comes
around,
Of your joys do we remember,
You've no frost bites like December
And no sweltering days within you
ever found.

IN OCTOBER.

Have you ever dreamed of a vista fair
In a land of murmuring pines,
Where the scent of the ocean is on
the air
And waves roll in with soft music,
there
Where the gold of the sea beach
shines?

Have you dreamed of the life of an
Autumn day
Where ocean and forest meet?
The touch of blue in the waters gray,
The green of the hills stretching far
away
To the mountain's dim retreat?

Have you dreamed of a home on a
shady knoll,
Where the sound of the surf comes
clear?
Where the tender chords of the pine
trees roll,
And each seems a word from a human
soul
That has happened to wander near?

Have you dreamed that this land was
too far away—
Believing your hopes were vain?
If so, pray come for a single day
Where the green trees dip to the water's
gray—
On the sea-level coast of Maine!
Lurana Sheldon.

ENTER, AUTUMN.

With breath slow chilled by coming
gold
The Summer breeze low whispers,
sobs, and dies
The white clouds lose their warmth,
and evening skies
Take on a pale blue o'er sunset gold.
Fair Autumn's here!

Sweet Summer's gone! The goldenrod
That rules the quiet of the waiting
woods
Arouses its mellow away; in varying
moods
New hues come from Autumn's fields
united.
Fair Autumn's here!

Give place! Give place! A new Queen's
here!
Neglect and Summer dreams can have
no place
When purpling Autumn comes with
quickened pace,
For in her train are mellow days and
cheer—
When Summer's gone!
H. T. Buddoth.

OCTOBER.

Oh, the sight is just amazing,
For the woods are all ablaze in
An' the painted leaves are fallin' soft
as snowflakes to the ground.
The hickory nuts are droppin',
The chestnuts are a-poppin',
An' the prickly butts lie scattered all
around.

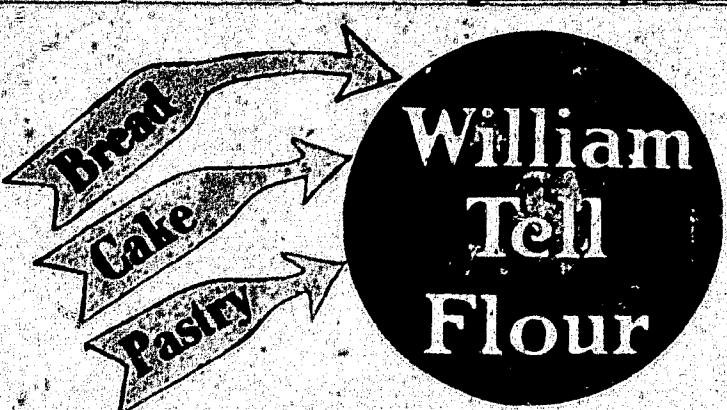
The purple wild grapes cluster
With an opalescent luster
Where the hazel bushes hide the pas-
ture wall;
Late peaches so delicious
That they tempt the most capricious,
Hind their blushes in the grasses where
they fall.

The startled Bob White's whistle
Where the goldenrod an' 'tisle
Fringe the wooded ridge that's ringin'
with the foxhound's thrillin' cry;
An' the chimney smoke's a-risin'
Where the chicken hawk is fallin',
A-ruttin' graceful circles in the sky.

October days are busy
An' they make a feller lazy,
An' sort of reckless feelin' comes a-
strollin' through his veins
For the squirrels keep a-jawin'
At the crowd's incessant cawin',
An' the partridge is a-drummin' in
the lanes.

IN OCTOBER.

The pumpkins are all ripening in the
sunshine
Of the wine-colored air October al-
ways brings,
And underneath the vines where they



IT takes extra fine flour to make all three equally well, but William Tell does it, because it is milled by a special process from Ohio Red Winter Wheat. If you aspire to blue ribbon bread, cake and pastry that keep the family looking forward to your next treat, tell the grocer that nothing will do but William Tell—the flour that goes farther.

are hanging,
The cheery little cricket chirps and
sings.

A haze upon the hills and in the val-
ley;
A glory o'er the landscape far and
near;
The beauty of creation seems to rally
In loveliest robes to greet the dying
year.

A tang of frost splashes us in the morn-
ing;
White-vested, where the dewdrops
used to cling,
The valley grass takes on its fall adorn-
ing,
Low bending for its winter burying.

In zigzag lines across the trackless
ocean
The birds have sought a nesting
place, afar
From North Wind's bluster and from
Storm's commotion,
Where nuthatches beam above the sum-
mer star.

Our dreams are now of fireside bright-
ly glowing—
Of cheer and comfort that around it
clings,
Until the warm breeze from the south-
land blowing,
Shall bring to us once more the rush
of wings.

HARVEST TIME.

By Nicolette M. Lowater.

This is the climax of the perfect year;
The winter's cold, the promise of
the spring,
The summer days, which joy and
gladness bring,
All find fruition and fulfillment here.
The yellow grain, which rippled glad
and blithe
In every vagrant wind, whose worth
is more
Than all the minted gold earth holds
in store,
Has given its treasure to the reaper's
sweath.

With gold and crimson fruit the
trees bend low
The stately corn lifts high its rip-
ened ears;
In field and garden waiting riches grow,
And laughing earth bids man for-
get his fears.
Although in anger nature sometimes
lfts her hand,
Somewhere her harvest blessing rests
upon the land.

Cured of Worms

Familiar signs of worms in children
are: Derranged stomach, swollen upper
lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard
and full belly with occa-
sional gripings and pains
about the navel, pale face
of leaden tint, eyes heavy
and dull, twitching eye-
lids, itching of the nose,
short dry cough, grinding of the teeth,
little red points sticking out on tongue,
starting during sleep, slow fever. If
your child shows any of these symp-
toms, start using Dr. True's Elixir, the
Family Laxative and Worm Expeller,
at once.

"My little son is gaining every day
and I think more of Dr. True's Elixir
than all other such medicines put to-
gether," writes Mrs. Ida Osgood of
Manchester, N. H.

At your druggist's, 35c, 50c and \$1.00.
Advice free. Write me.
Auburn, Maine. **Dr. True**

YOU CAN MAKE MONEY

right around your home, just as hun-
dreds of men and women are doing.
Work is easy, pleasant and permanent.
It is profitable. Is your own boss and
build your own business. You take no
risk, make sure profit right along. Send
name, address, and references. L.
BROWN, 65 Murray St., New
York City.

WASTE LAND EXPENSIVE.

Nonproductive Acres Represent Dead
Capital and Are a Loss to the
Farmer.

Every acre of nonproducing tillable
land should be put to work or sold,
says a new publication of the Depart-
ment of Agriculture at Washington,
D. C., Farmers' Bulletin 745. Many
farmers would make more money if
their business were larger, but the size
of a farm, from a financial standpoint,
is measured not by the number of acres
embraced in it but by the number that
are producing crops, pasturing animals,
economically, or supporting a growth of
marketable forest products. Nonproduc-
tive acres are a loss to the farmer, and
the money tied up in them is dead capital.

On every farm, however, there are
certain areas, necessarily devoted to
nonproductive purposes. Fences, ditches,
lanes, and building lots produce
nothing themselves, but they are fre-
quently essential to production on the
rest of the farm. Nevertheless, they
may occupy in the aggregate a con-
siderable percentage of the available
land. It is a part of efficient farm man-
agement to see to it that this percent-
age is no higher than necessary.

In this connection, some interesting
figures are given by the bulletin al-
ready mentioned in regard to the amount
of land occupied by fences of
different kinds. It takes, for instance,
only 200 rods of untrimmed hedge and
only 214 rods of zigzag rail or worm
fence to waste an acre of what might
be productive land. For the same ex-
penditure of land one can run 450 rods
of woven wire and 474 rods of barbed
wire. Other considerations, of course,
may make it desirable to use the hedge
or the worm fence, but the waste in-
volved is a factor that should not be
overlooked.

Similarly, farm lanes often may be
eliminated by a simple rearrangement
of fields; headlands, or turning spaces
at the edges of fields, avoided; and the
farmstead itself—the group of farm
buildings with their lots and yards,
the garden, and the orchard—made
compact. In the case of the farmstead,
however, considerations of health and
attractiveness may well justify a slight
sacrifice of economy.

While a little planning often will re-
sult in the saving of much land now
devoted to these unproductive uses, a
more difficult problem is presented by
waste land—land that is rendered un-
tillable by swamps, ravines, rocks,
slopes, etc., woodland that produces
nothing salable, and pastures that are
too poor to be profitable. Some areas
are, of course, hopeless, and in that
case they should be left out of the reck-
oning altogether. Before this is done,
however, it will pay to look into the
possibilities of profitable reclamation.
Many untillable fields, for example,
may be turned into productive pastures,
or, if they will not grow enough grass
to make this economical, they can be
used for the production of timber. On
the other hand, it frequently happens
that woodlots which yield nothing but
a little firewood for home consumption
are permitted to occupy valuable land.
In deciding whether such lots should
be cleared and tilled, the cost of clear-
ing, the increased value of the cleared
land, the interest on the investment,
the salable value of the timber pro-
ducts, and the added expense for fire-
wood which will follow the disappear-
ance of the timber must all be taken
into account. With unwooded areas,
the advisability of bringing them un-
der the plow may be determined by
comparing the probable cost with the
market price of good arable land in
the neighborhood.

Obviously, the higher the price of
land rises the more incentive there is
for the farmer to avoid waste in the
utilization of it. It is significant, how-

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Plate Glass, Steam Boiler, Liability
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Fidelity and Surety Bonds.

Stuart W. Goodwin, Agent,

NORWAY

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN FIRST CLASS COMPANIES

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SOUTH PARIS, ME.

IRA C. JORDAN

DEALER IN

General Merchandise
and Grain

BETHEL,

MAINE

HOTEL MARSEILLES

On Broadway at 103rd St., New York

"You'll enjoy every moment at the Marseilles"



COOLEST ROOMS IN NEW YORK

Room and bath from \$2 per day
2 Rooms and bath from \$3.50 per day

Superb Dining Room à la Carte
Club Breakfast from 35c. up

WRITE FOR BOOKLET & MAP
M. E. BURKE, Manager

ever, that the investigations of the
department have shown that, irrespec-
tive of the price, tenants put a greater
part of the land to productive use than
owners. The tenant pays rent for each
acre and he can not afford to have any
of them idle. On the other hand, the
man who has no rent to pay may be
able to get along on the produce of a
part only of his farm, and he is, there-
fore, more likely to overlook the poten-
tial value of the part he wastes. By so
doing he is, of course, throwing away
opportunities to make money, but this
is not always appreciated by those who
have not grasped the important fact
that the average farm is too small for
maximum efficiency and that in the na-
turity of cases to increase the size of
the farm business is to increase the
profits from it. Those owners, however,
who, realizing this, are operating
leased land in addition to their own,
are, like tenants, careful to see that
they pay for no longer acres.

To anyone who is buying or leasing
land, then, the important question is
not "How much am I paying an acre
for this tract?" but "How much am I
paying for the acres that are going to
work for me?" In the new bulletin it
is estimated that a farm of 100 acres,
selling at \$100 an acre, will cost the
purchaser actually \$111.11 an acre if
80 per cent of it is productive, and
\$200 an acre if only 50 per cent of it
is productive. As a matter of fact, the
percentage of improved land in farms
east of the Mississippi is only 55.8,
and west of that river only 50.3. Im-

proved land, however, it should be no-
ted, is not always the same as produc-
tive land. A good timber lot, for ex-
ample, is not improved, but it may be
highly productive, and farm buildings
and fences stand on land that is im-
proved but produces nothing. In the
final analysis it is the amount of pro-
ductive land that determines the earn-
ing capacity of a farm, and that should
therefore determine its price.

NEWRY.

Mrs. A. E. Bantley is quite ill at the
writing.
F. L. French is picking his apples.
Ralph East has gone to Berol, N. H.,
for the winter.
F. S. Douglass is threatening grain
for the neighbors.
Mrs. Holly Enman is quite poorly.
G. H. Learned is yarding his timber
ready to saw.

Constipation

It is to be dreaded. It leads to serious
illness. It is a common ailment. It is
easily cured. It is a common ailment.
It is a common ailment. It is a common
ailment. It is a common ailment.

**Dr. King's
New Life Pills**

All Druggists 25 cents
SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK

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Automobile,

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MAINE

Y. M. WHEELER

S. CO.

COMPANIES

PIANOS

ATALOGUES

ARIS, ME.

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York

NEW YORK

It should be no
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land that is im-
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\$2 per day

\$3.50 per day

A la Carte

35c. up

ET & MAP

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friction follow.
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Pills

25 cents

MONEY BACK

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL FREE PREPARED
A Vegetable Preparation that
Simulates the Food and Regulates
the Stomach and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
ness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Alcohol.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Beware of cheap imitations.
Perfect Remedy for Consti-
pation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Facsimile Signature of
Dr. J. C. Hathorn
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CROP BOUND.

G. E. Conkey.

Obstruction or impaction of the crop is a condition frequently occurring with fowls and it is well to understand the best method of treatment in such cases because failure to relieve the difficulty usually results in death.

While there are various causes for this complaint, in a great majority of cases of crop bound, low vitality, due to improper feeding and indigestion, has much to do in bringing on the trouble. Birds with a depraved appetite or birds that are half starved may fill up the crop with all sorts of indigestible substances, or if they get the chance they may over-eat and then through a weakness of the digestive organs be unable to pass the food from the crop.

Sometimes in opening up a crop bound bird the crop will be found to contain a mass of tough, dry grass, long straw, or other fibrous materials which when once entangled cannot possibly be passed along the digestive tract in a natural way. Again the crop may be overloaded with dry grain and the muscular walls, so distended, exhausted, and paralyzed that the organ cannot be emptied.

There are also some diseases like cholera and diphtheria in which the walls of the crop may become paralyzed and the organ then packs solidly with food and becomes over-distended. If the digestive organs of a bird are in a healthy condition they will usually take care of any overloading of the crop. It is only when the tone of the digestive system has been lowered by mistakes in care and feeding or by some disease, that the crop fails to perform its usual function. It is true that occasional cases of crop bound may occur in well cared for flocks but when they become at all numerous it would be well to consider this as evidence that some changes are needed in their feeding or in the general method of handling the flock. An examination of the crop is alone quite sufficient to classify the trouble with certainty.

SYMPTOMS.

Discomfort of the bird and a loss of appetite are likely to be the first symptoms noticed. After the condition becomes aggravated the bird is dull and sleepy, the comb is pale, the feathers appear rough and perhaps the beak is kept open. Sometimes a fermenting or decomposing liquid escapes from the mouth and nostrils.

TREATMENT.

To avoid the fatal complications that are likely to follow in cases of crop bound, the affected birds must be treated promptly. When this is done they usually recover quickly. However, where the condition has become chronic or where the vitality of the bird is greatly lowered the owner will hardly be repaid for his trouble in attempting treatment.

The nature of the contents of the crop can often be determined by feeling that organ and you can then decide on the best method of procedure. If the crop is packed with a fibrous material or is very firm and unyielding to the touch then an operation should be avoided and the work should be done at once. In most cases an attempt should first be made to remove the contents of the crop without en-

ting.

As soon as any trouble of this nature is noticed give the bird a tablespoonful of castor oil. After a few minutes gently knead or work the crop with a view of softening or loosening up the hard mass. Then suspend the bird by the legs and try to remove the contents of the crop by way of the mouth. If you are unsuccessful then get someone to assist you and open the crop and clean it out thoroughly.

To do this, hold the bird with head down and with a sharp knife or razor make a cut about an inch long in the skin across the crop near the neck—and, with a buttonhook, gently remove the mass through the opening, being sure the opening leading from the crop is not obstructed. Then wash out the crop with a solution containing a few drops of a good disinfectant using one-fourth to one-half teaspoonful to a pint of water. If you desire, sew up the cut in the crop. This, however, is not always necessary, as the cut is high up on the crop and it will heal quickly without attention if care is taken to prevent the bird from excessive feeding.

Whether the crop has been opened or the food removed through the mouth, the bird should be given some baking soda in water to purify and sweeten the crop and digestive organs generally, following this in about an hour with a little bread and milk or beaten raw egg. Continue giving some such light food for three or four days and then gradually increase the quantity. Do not, however, resume the regular feeding for at least ten days and even then be sure to avoid overfeeding.

TREES ON PASTURE.

Perhaps one of the greatest sources of loss of fertility from pasture soils results from the poor location of shade trees and brush, according to the author of The Grazing Industry of the Bluegrass Region, a bulletin recently published by the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C. Trees and brush, he states, should always be set on the higher portions of the field and not along the banks of running streams, as so often is the case. With good grass, the animals do not graze more than one-third of the time; the rest of the time is spent lying down or standing in the shade fighting flies. Hence much of the manure that is made does not get back directly on the land that produced the grass. If the manure produced while the animals are not grazing is deposited on the tops of the hills, its beneficial effect on the grass may be noted for several rods down the hillside. It is easy to believe that if one-half to two-thirds of the manure is lost from pasture fields and none is added, the crops must gradually deteriorate.

PANKIN'S HAIR BALM
A sure remedy for
itching scalp, dandruff,
and all other
scalp troubles.

MARKETING PROBLEMS.

Questions Regarding Distribution of Products to Be Answered for Farmers, Dealers, and Consumers.

The realization that the general lack of information in regard to the marketing of farm products was proving exceedingly costly to the American farmer and the American consumer led to the organization, in the spring of 1913, of the Office of Markets. Provision for the new agency was made by Congress in the belief that the collection and dissemination of information in regard to efficient marketing practices might eliminate much waste and return substantial benefits both to producers and consumers.

The farmer, it was realized, was toiling to raise his crops only to learn in many instances, when he undertook the business of exchanging them for money, that he did not know accurately what he had produced and did not understand how to dispose of it to best advantage. He was confused by the numerous market "channels" through which his products might pass, and by the realization at the same time that he was not in possession of the data necessary for an intelligent choice among those various routes. He found unsolved marketing problems at practically every stage of the journey made by his commodities from the farm to the hands of the ultimate consumer.

Marketing in Early Days. Practically no such marketing problems confronted farmers during early days in the United States. If eggs were to be disposed of, for example, the owner rarely had more than three possibilities before him. He might sell them directly to consumers in a nearby town, barter them to a neighbor for some other product, or sell or trade them at a store. Under the complex marketing conditions of to-day, on the other hand, eggs originating on a remote farm in the corn belt may be borne, after they leave the farmer's hands, by little understood market forces through devious channels to some family in the heart of a many-storied city apartment thousands of miles away.

The good complexity in the modern marketing system which is in such contrast to the simple, direct dealings of early days has been brought about by the rapid expansion and development of the country. The marked concentration of population in cities has been an especially important factor. The early towns drew their supplies from their immediate vicinities. The farmer drove with his commodities from his near-by farm and either retailed them himself from his wagon in the market place or sold them to retail stores. As the towns grew into cities with large populations, however, the surrounding zones of farm lands could no longer supply the food needs. Railroads were extended and now and more distant producing areas were tapped. Commercial transportation thus entered as a factor in marketing.

Effects or Railway Development.

The necessity for large-scale shipments arose in connection with railroad transportation, bringing about the entrance of commercial buyers and shippers at the country end, and wholesalers, commission men, jobbers, retailers, and other distributors at the city end of the lengthening market channel. Provision was made for the storing of surplus products and later for the cold storage of perishables. These changes introduced other complications into the marketing system. The use of refrigerator cars followed and greatly increased the distances over which perishables could be transported. It became possible even for a city to draw its fruits, vegetables, meats, and other foods from regions thousands of miles away. These improvements all paved the way for the marketing of perishable fruit and truck on the modern elaborate plan by which the products, as rapidly as they mature in one region after another from the extreme south to the northward, are rushed to northern market points, arriving there weeks and months in advance of the appearance of local products.

This development of long-range marketing created additional needs for improved market procedure, some of which have not yet been met completely. One such need is for standardization of products. Since sellers of products may be at one end of the country and buyers at the other when sales are negotiated, it is often impossible for the purchaser to see what he is buying. To afford protection under such conditions it is therefore desirable that there be generally accepted standards for different products.

Growth of Intermediate Agencies.

All the many market developments which came about as a result of the great development of the country tended to thrust the farmer farther and farther from the consumer of his products and interposed between these two terminal factors in the marketing system an ever-increasing group of intermediaries. Buyers, transportation systems, warehousemen, wholesalers, jobbers, commission merchants, brokers,

and retailers, all rose up to take part in the marketing procedure. The farmer, and in many instances the consumer, felt that the number of these intermediaries was too great and that this condition made for unjustly low returns to the producer and unfairly high prices to the consumer. Whether this opinion is justified or not, in some instances it is certain that it was reached without adequate data on which to base it, for no studies have been made to determine which marketing functions were essential and which, if any, might be dispensed with. Little was known, also, of the costs of the services.

Office of Markets Organized.

These were some of the chaotic conditions in the marketing machinery of the country which led to the establishment of the Office of Markets as a governmental agency. The department's commission from Congress to take up marketing work was in the form of an appropriation of \$50,000 "to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to acquire and disseminate among the people of the United States useful information on subjects connected with the marketing and distribution of farm products." It was necessary that this should be the first step in the governmental marketing work, for the great need of producers, consumers, and dealers alike was for full knowledge in regard to existing market procedure in order that they might judge adequately of the possibilities for betterment. So great was this need for facts that the Office of Markets found its field much larger than it could at first fill. It has had, therefore, to select some of the fundamental and more urgent problems from among the many facing the farmer, concentrating its attention for the time on these. After the second year of the marketing activities the rural organization work was combined with that of the Office of Markets under the title of Office of Markets and Rural Organization. In the years following the inauguration of the work Congress has greatly increased the annual appropriation of the office. The appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, is \$372,500.

Realizing that a better understanding by the farmer of the whole existing machinery of marketing was desirable, the office undertook and is carrying out as one of its projects a survey of markets, methods, and costs. This includes surveys of the origin and movement of specific commodities as well as the conduct of a market news service which gives producers and dealers from day to day their first specific, country-wide information in regard to the supply of and the demand for perishable farm products. As another project the office has taken up a study of the standardization, grading, and packing of products. Through this work it is hoped to furnish a more nearly universal language of marketing and systems of grading or classification which will make known to the producer exactly what he has for sale, and which will permit the consumer or dealer to know in advance exactly what he is purchasing.

Problems Taken Up.

The individual farmer, as compared with other producers, is placed under a greater handicap in marketing because the comparatively small scale of his enterprise adds greatly to his handling costs and marketing complications. To overcome this difficulty farmers in some parts of the country have formed cooperative shipping associations, pooling their produce and so making possible large shipments of carefully graded, uniform products, properly packed. One of the lines of work undertaken by the Office of Markets and Rural Organization is the thorough investigation of such associations to determine effective plans of organization, and the marketing and other functions which such cooperative groups can perform advantageously. The office, in this connection, is making a digest of State laws relating to cooperative associations for the convenience of States wishing to better their statutes and for departmental use in advising in regard to community organization in the several States.

The failure to conduct marketing operations on a thoroughgoing business basis is responsible for many of the losses and high costs of service in marketing, it is believed. In the hope of reducing such losses and costs the Office of Markets and Rural Organization is making a close study of marketing business practice, especially as it affects cooperative enterprises. The office also is looking carefully into problems of transportation and storage, is scrutinizing closely the possibilities of the parcel post and express as direct marketing agencies, and is making a survey of city marketing and distribution as now conducted.

In addition to these general marketing questions, the office, in its investigational work, has taken up problems relating to the marketing of a number of specific commodities of importance which involve factors not encountered in the general marketing projects. The marketing of live stock, meat, and animal by-products is being studied under one such project. The marketing of dairy products is the sub-



Chronic Catarrh is Curable

Nothing is more distressing to the sufferer and his friends. Chronic catarrh is systemic—that is, it is present throughout the body, though it may manifest itself in a local ulceration. Only a constitutional treatment will overcome systemic catarrh. Local treatment is sometimes helpful in the acute manifestations, but they cannot overcome the systemic disorder.

PERUNA Has Helped Thousands

It is a foe to catarrh. The voluntary testimony of thousands of sufferers attests that PERUNA is a powerful remedy. It is up to the digestion, restores the strength, and helps put the system in condition.

PERUNA has special value in catarrh. It gives vitality to the system, restores tone to the membranes and enables those to perform their functions. In many cases the bowels begin to move, and it rarely fails when treatment is continued properly. The Peruna Medical Department will be glad to send you to overcome this disease. The doctor's advice is free. Don't delay treatment.

THE PERUNA CO., Columbus, O.

ject of another project; investigations also are being made of the special problems of grain marketing and of the handling, marketing, and utilization of cotton and its by-products.

In taking up this work the Office of Markets and Rural Organization has entered a virgin field in so far as governmental activities are concerned. It has found, also, that practically no broad investigational work has been done heretofore in the marketing field even by individual investigation and students. The office has found it necessary, therefore, to feel its way carefully into the new fields, shaping its investigational machinery and its plan of action as it proceeds. The office is pursuing its work with the recognition that analyses of marketing processes, recommendations as to their most advantageous use, and suggestions as to improvements can be valuable only after patient and careful research and observation produce data sufficient to permit a clear understanding of all sides of the complicated problems. As a result of the hearty cooperation which has been given by farmers, shipping associations, and distributors, the office already has accomplished important results in some of the lines of work. These will be treated in detail in subsequent issues.

HOME-CURED MEAT.

How to Preserve Beef and Pork on the Farm—Satisfactory Method for General Use.

Curing meats with brine is a good method for farm use. It is less trouble to pack the meat in a barrel and pour brine over it than to go over it three or four times and rub in salt, as in the dry-curing method. The brine also protects the meat from insects and vermin. Brine made of pure water and according to the directions in the following recipes should keep a reasonable length of time. During warm weather, however, brine should be watched closely, and if it becomes "ropy," like slush, it should be boiled or new brine made. A cool, moist cellar is the best place for brine curing.

Pure water, salt, sugar or molasses, and saltpeter are all the ingredients needed for the ordinary curing of meat. The meat may be packed in large earthen jars or a clean hardwood barrel. The barrel or jar may be used repeatedly unless meat has spoiled in it. It should be scalded thoroughly, however, each time before fresh meat is packed. Curing should begin as soon as the meat is cooled and while it is still fresh. Ordinarily 24 to 36 hours after slaughter are sufficient for cooling. Frozen meat should not be salted, as the frost prevents proper penetration of the salt and uneven curing results.

Recipes for Curing.

Corned Beef.—The pieces commonly used for corned are the plate, rump, cross ribs, and brisket, or, in other words, the cheaper cuts of meat. The loin, ribs, and other fancy cuts are more often used fresh. The pieces for corned should be cut into convenient-sized joints, say, 5 or 6 inches square. It should be the aim to cut them all about the same thickness so that they will make an even layer in the barrel.

Meat from fat animals makes choicer corned beef than that from poor animals. When the meat is cooled thoroughly it should be brined during the curing process. Under no circumstances should the meat be brined while it is frozen. Weigh out the meat and allow 8 pounds of salt to each 100 pounds; sprinkle a layer of salt one-quarter of an inch in depth over the bottom of the barrel; pack in as closely as possible the cuts of meat, making a layer 5 or 6 inches in thickness; then put on a layer of salt, following that with another layer of meat; repeat until the meat and salt have all been packed in the barrel, care being used to reserve salt enough for a good layer over the top. After the package has stood overnight add, for every 100 pounds of meat, 4 pounds of sugar, and 4 ounces of saltpeter dissolved in a gallon of tepid water. Three gallons more of water should be sufficient to cover this quantity. In case more or less than 100 pounds of meat is to be corned, make the brine in the proportion given. A loose board cover, weighted down with a heavy stone or piece of iron, should be put on the meat to keep all

of it under this brine. In case any should project, rust would start and the brine would spoil in a short time.

It is not necessary to boil the brine except in warm weather. If the meat has been corned during the winter and must be kept into the summer season, it would be well to watch the brine closely during the spring, as it is more likely to spoil at that time than at any other season. If the brine appears to be ropy or does not drip freely from the finger when immersed and lifted, it should be turned off and new brine added after carefully washing the meat. The sugar or molasses in the brine has a tendency to ferment, and, unless the brine is kept in a cool place, there is sometimes trouble from this source. The meat should be kept in the brine 23 to 40 days to secure thorough curing.

Dried Beef.—The round commonly is used for dried beef, the inside of the thigh being considered the choicest piece, as it is slightly more tender than the outside of the round. The round should be cut lengthwise of the grain of the meat in preparing for dried beef, so that the muscle fibers may be cut crosswise when the dried beef is sliced for table use. A tight jar or can is necessary for curing. The process is as follows: To each 100 pounds of meat weigh out 5 pounds of salt, 3 pounds of granulated sugar, and 2 ounces of saltpeter; mix thoroughly together. Rub the meat on all surfaces with a third of the mixture and pack it in the jar as tightly as possible. Allow it to remain three days, when it should be removed and rubbed again with another third of the mixture. In repacking, put at the bottom the pieces that were on top the first time. Let stand for three days, when they should be removed and rubbed with the remaining third of the mixture and allowed to stand for three days more. The meat is then ready to be removed from the pickle. The liquid forming in the jars should not be removed, but the meat should be repacked in the liquid each time. After being removed from the pickle the meat should be smoked and hung in a dry attic or near the kitchen fire where the water will evaporate from it. It may be used at any time after smoking, although the longer it hangs in the dry atmosphere the drier it will get. The drier the climate, in general, the more easily meats can be dried. In arid regions good dried meat can be made by exposing it fresh to the air, with protection from flies.

Plain salt pork.—Rub each piece of meat with the common salt and pack closely in a barrel. Let stand overnight. The next day weigh out 10 pounds of salt and 2 ounces of saltpeter to each 100 pounds of meat and dissolve in 4 gallons of boiling water. Pour this brine over the meat when cold, cover and weight down to keep it under the brine. Meat will pack best if cut into pieces about 6 inches square. The pork should be kept in the brine till used.

Sugar-cured hams and bacon.—When the meat is cooled, rub each piece with salt and allow it to drain overnight. Then pack it in a barrel with the hams and shoulders in the bottom, using the strips of bacon to fill in between or to put on top. Weigh out for each 100 pounds of meat 8 pounds of salt, 2 pounds of brown sugar, and 2 ounces of saltpeter. Dissolve all in 4 gallons of water, and cover the meat with the brine. For summer use it will be safest to boil the brine before using. In that case it should be cooled thoroughly before it is used. For winter curing it is not necessary to boil the brine. Bacon strips should remain in this brine four to six weeks; hams six to eight weeks. This is a standard recipe and has given the best of satisfaction. Hams and bacon cured in the spring will keep right through the summer after they are smoked. The meat will be sweet and palatable if smoked properly, and the flavor will be good.

WHEN YOU HAVE A COLD

Give it attention, avoid exposure, be regular and careful of your diet, also commences taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It contains Pine-Tar, Antiseptic Oils and Balsams, is slightly laxative. Dr. King's New Discovery eases your cough, soothes your throat, and bronchial tubes, checks your cold, starts to clear your head. In a short time you know your cold is better. It's the standard family cough syrup in use over 40 years. Get a bottle at once. Keep it in the house as a cold insurance. Sold at your druggist. Adv.

